

一、請依提示寫出肯定句 (10%)

例 he / be / doctor

He is a doctor.

1. his sister / be / student

His sister is a student.

2. his brother / be / short

His brother is short.

3. you / be / a nurse

You are a nurse.

4. the park / be / beautiful

The park is beautiful.

5. Jackie / be / old man

Jackie is an old man.

二、將第一大題改為否定句(10%)

例 He is a doctor.

He is not a doctor.

1.

His sister is not a student.

2.

His brother is not short.

3.

You are not a nurse.

4.

The park is not beautiful.

5.

Jackie is not an old man.

三、將第一大題改為疑問句(10%)

例 He is a doctor.

Is he a doctor?

1.

Is his sister a student?

2.

Is his brother short?

3.

Are you a nurse?

4.

Is the park beautiful?

5.

Is Jackie an old man?

四、寫出第三大題的：(A)肯定簡答、(B)否定簡答 (20%)

例 (A) Yes, he is.

(B) No, he's not / he isn't.

1. (A) Yes, she is.

(B) No, she's not / she isn't.

2. (A) Yes, he is.

(B) No, he's not / he isn't.

3. (A) Yes, I am.

(B) No, I'm not.

4. (A) Yes, it is.

(B) No, it's not / it isn't.

5. (A) Yes, he is.

(B) No, he's not / he isn't.

五、依例句改寫句子 (10%)

例 Is the cat cute?

Is it a cute cat?

1. Is the pen green?

Is it a green pen?

2. Is the cup small?

Is it a small cup?

3. Is the woman tall?

Is she a tall woman?

4. Is the park big?

Is it a big park?

5. Is the school old?

Is it an old school?

六、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%)

例 Yes, she is a beautiful girl.

Is / Isn't she a beautiful girl?

1. Yes, it is a birthday gift.

Is / Isn't it a birthday gift?

2. No, the cook is not old.

Is / Isn't the cook old?

3. Yes, my father is thin.

Is / Isn't your father thin?

4. Yes, she is my aunt.

Is / Isn't she your aunt?

5. Rick is Ms. Wang's child.

Who is Rick?

七、依提示作答 (10%)

例 Is he a young man? (肯定詳答)

Yes, he is a young man.

1. Is your mother a doctor?
(否定詳答)

No, she is not a doctor.

2. Is Eric a short boy? (肯定詳答)

Yes, he is a short boy.

3. Is that a small zoo?
(用「大的」詳答)

No, it is a big zoo.

4. Is Ann a PE teacher?
(用「英文老師」詳答)

No, she is an English teacher.

5. Is his son tall? (用「矮的」詳答)

No, he is short.

八、整句式翻譯 (20%)

例 這是紅色的原子筆嗎?

Is this a red pen?

1. 他是一位農夫嗎?

Is he a farmer?

2. Smith 太太不是一名護士。

Mrs. Smith is not a nurse.

3. Peter 是我的表弟。

Peter is my cousin.

4. 我媽媽也是一位廚師。

My mother is a cook, too.

5. James 是一個國中生。

James is a junior high school student.

一、請依提示寫出肯定句(10%) 二、將第一大題改為否定句(10%) 三、將第一大題改為疑問句(10%) 四、寫出第三大題的：(A)肯定簡答、(B)否定簡答(20%)

例 it / be / book

It is a book.

例

It is not a book.

例

Is it a book?

例 (A) Yes, it is.

(B) No, it's not / it isn't.

1. these / be / their box

These are their boxes.

1.

These are not their boxes.

1.

Are these their boxes?

1. (A) Yes, they are.

(B) No, they're not / they aren't.

2. that / be / your cat

That is your cat.

2.

That is not your cat.

2.

Is that your cat?

2. (A) Yes, it is.

(B) No, it's not / it isn't.

3. those / be / Sam's watch

Those are Sam's watches.

3.

Those are not Sam's watches.

3.

Are those Sam's watches?

3. (A) Yes, they are.

(B) No, they're not / they aren't.

4. they / be / Nancy's dog

They are Nancy's dogs.

4.

They are not Nancy's dogs.

4.

Are they Nancy's dogs?

4. (A) Yes, they are.

(B) No, they're not / they aren't.

5. this / be / Judy's pencil

This is Judy's pencil.

5.

This is not Judy's pencil.

5.

Is this Judy's pencil?

5. (A) Yes, it is.

(B) No, it's not / it isn't.

五、依提示寫出答句 (10%)

例 What's this? (gift)

It is a gift.

1. What's that? (picture)

This / That / It is a picture.

2. What is it? (ox)

It is an ox.

3. What's this? (rabbit)

This / That / It is a rabbit.

4. What are those? (tiger)

These / Those / They are tigers.

5. What are they? (sheep)

They are sheep.

六、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%)

例 Yes, they are my pets.

Are / Aren't these / those / they

your pets?

1. Yes, it is an eraser.

Is / Isn't this / that / it an eraser?

2. They are zebras.

What are they / these / those?

3. That is an elephant.

What is this / that?

4. Yes, it is my watch.

Is / Isn't this / that / it your watch?

5. No, they are not my mom's hats.

Are / Aren't these / those / they

your mom's hats?

七、依提示作答 (10%)

例 Is this a watch? (肯定詳答)

Yes, it is a watch.

1. Is that Kevin's book? (否定詳答)

No, it is not Kevin's book.

2. Are those girls students? (否定詳答)

No, they are not students.

3. Is that your pet? (肯定詳答)

Yes, it is my pet.

4. What's that? (用「椅子」回答)

This / That / It is a chair.

5. What are those? (用「柳橙」回答)

These / Those / They are oranges.

八、整句式翻譯 (20%)

例 那是你的箱子嗎?

Is that your box?

1. 這些是獅子和老虎。

These are lions and tigers.

2. 她的生肖是什麼?

What's her animal sign?

3. 這些女孩是很棒的游泳者。

These girls are great swimmers.

4. 那些人很好且溫暖。

Those people are nice and warm.

5. 他對我來說像父親一樣。

He is like a father to me.

一、依提示寫出肯定句 (10%)

例 the bag / be / under / the bed

The bag is under the bed.

1. the eraser / be / between / the book / the pen

The eraser is between the book and the pen.

2. my house / be / in front / the zoo

My house is in front of the zoo.

3. Ann's eraser / be / not / in / Ann's bag

Ann's eraser is not in her bag.

4. my parents / be / in / the kitchen

My parents are in the kitchen.

5. Tom's bed / be / next / Tom's desk

Tom's bed is next to his desk.

二、請依提示寫出答句 (10%)

例 Where is Kelly? (在房間)

She is in the room.

1. Where is my cellphone?
(在毛毯下面)

It is under the blanket.

2. Where are my pictures? (在桌子上)

They are on the table.

3. Where is Ann's pet? (在椅子旁)

It is next to / beside the chair.

4. Where is Lucy? (在屋子前面)

She is in front of the house.

5. Where are Sam's books? (在客廳裡)

They are in the living room.

三、將第二大題改為否定句(10%) 四、將第二大題改為疑問句(10%)

例

She is not in the room.

1.

It is not under the blanket.

2.

They are not on the table.

3.

It is not next to / beside the chair.

4.

She is not in front of the house.

5.

They are not in the living room.

例

Is she in the room?

1.

Is it under the blanket?

2.

Are they on the table?

3.

Is it next to / beside the chair?

4.

Is she in front of the house?

5.

Are they in the living room?

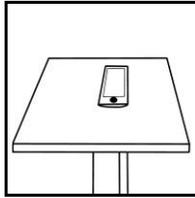
五、看圖作答 (20%)

1. Where is the man?



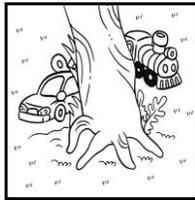
He is in the front of / on the bus.

2. Where is the cellphone?



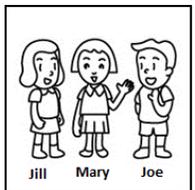
It is on the table.

3. Where are the toy cars?



They are behind the tree.

4. Where is Mary?



She is between Jill and Joe.

六、依提示作答 (10%)

例 Where is Mike? (用「在客廳」回答)

He is in the living room.

1. Who is in the kitchen?

(用「我的表弟」回答)

My cousin is in the kitchen.

2. Where is my cellphone?

(用「在飯廳」回答)

It is in the dining room.

3. Is Kate in the bathroom?

(否定詳答)

No, she is not in the bathroom.

4. Are your friends in the living room?

(用「在我的臥房」回答)

No, they are in my bedroom.

5. Are your books under the chair?

(用「在樓梯後面」回答)

No, they are behind the stairs.

七、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%)

例 My bag is on the table.

Where is your bag?

1. The lake is near the cave.

Where is the lake?

2. Yes, Sam's books are in the box.

Are / Aren't Sam's books in the

box?

3. No, Helen is not in the kitchen.

Is / Isn't Helen in the kitchen?

4. The zoo is next to the park.

Where is the zoo?

5. No, my room is not next to the bathroom.

Is / Isn't your room next to the

bathroom?

八、整句式翻譯 (20%)

(1~4 每題 3 分, 5~6 每題 4 分)

例 我的手錶在沙發底下。

My watch is under the sofa.

1. Sarah 跟她妹妹在哪裡?

Where are Sarah and her sister?

2. Kevin 的書桌在門旁邊。

Kevin's desk is next to / beside the

door.

3. 魔法學校在一座湖附近。

The magic school is near a lake.

4. 他們是那間學校的學生。

They are students in that school.

5. 我的鞋子在桌子下面。

My shoes are under the table.

6. 那間房子在學校和公園之間。

That house is between the school

and the park.

一、請依提示寫出肯定句 (10%)

例 there / be / some people / in the zoo

There are some people in the zoo.

1. there / be / a book / on the desk

There is a book on the desk.

2. there / be / a tiger / near the pond

There is a tiger near the pond.

3. there / be / a boy / in the car

There is a boy in the car.

4. there / be / two parks / near here

There are two parks near here.

5. there / be / some cats / under the sofa

There are some cats under the sofa.

二、將第一大題改為否定句 (10%)

例

There aren't any people in the zoo.

1.

There isn't a book on the desk.

2.

There isn't a tiger near the pond.

3.

There isn't a boy in the car.

4.

There aren't two parks near here.

5.

There aren't any cats under the sofa.

例

Are there any people in the zoo?

1.

Is there a book on the desk?

2.

Is there a tiger near the pond?

3.

Is there a boy in the car?

4.

Are there two parks near here?

5.

Are there any cats under the sofa?

四、寫出第三大題的：(A)肯定簡答、(B)否定簡答 (20%)

例

(A) Yes, there are.

(B) No, there are not / aren't.

1. (A) Yes, there is.

(B) No, there is not / isn't.

2. (A) Yes, there is.

(B) No, there is not / isn't.

3. (A) Yes, there is.

(B) No, there is not / isn't.

4. (A) Yes, there are.

(B) No, there are not / aren't.

5. (A) Yes, there are.

(B) No, there are not / aren't.

五、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%)

例 Yes, there is a clock on the desk.
Is / Isn't there a clock on the desk?

1. Yes, there is a park near the library.

Is / Isn't there a park near the library?

2. Yes, there is a toy under the table.

Is / Isn't there a toy under the table?

3. No, there aren't any boys on the bus.

Are / Aren't there any boys on the bus?

4. No, there aren't any pens in the bag.

Are / Aren't there any pens in the bag?

5. No, there isn't a car between these two buses.

Is / Isn't there a car between these two buses?

六、依提示寫出答句 (10%)

例 Is there a cat in the room?
(肯定詳答)
Yes, there is a cat in the room.

1. Are there any bears in the mountains? (肯定詳答)

Yes, there are (some) bears in the mountains.

2. Are there any schools near the park?
(用「兩間學校」詳答)

Yes, there are two schools near the park.

3. Is there a monkey in the zoo?
(否定詳答)

No, there isn't a monkey in the zoo.

4. Is there a seesaw in the playground?
(否定簡答)

No, there isn't.

5. Is there a basket on the chair?
(肯定簡答)

Yes, there is.

七、依提示作答 (10%)

例 There is a book.
The book is in the box. (合併句子)
There is a book in the box.

1. There is a fish in the lake.
(用 some 代替 a 改寫句子)

There are some fish in the lake.

2. There is a robot in the room.
(依畫線部分造原問句)

What is there in the room?

3. There are two gifts.
The gifts are on the table.
(合併句子，並改寫成否定句)

There aren't two gifts on the table.

4. There are some shoes under the chair.
(用 any 代替 some 改寫成疑問句)

Are there any shoes under the chair?

5. There is a pen on the TV.
(用 any 代替 a 改寫成否定句)

There aren't any pens on the TV.

八、整句式翻譯 (20%)

(1~4 每題 3 分，5~6 每題 4 分)

例 這附近有任何公園嗎?
Are there any parks near here?

1. 這裡有四間房子。

There are four houses here.

2. 我的學校有四座籃球場。

There are four basketball courts at my school.

3. 動物園裡有很多動物。

There are a lot of animals in the zoo.

4. 那個公園是我最喜愛的地方。

That park is my favorite place.

5. 那個體育館附近有一座湖嗎?

Is there a lake near the gym?

6. 房間裡沒有任何人。

There aren't any people in the room.

一、以 **please** 為首完成句子(10%) 二、將第一大題以 **please** 結尾完成句子 (10%) 三、改成以 **please** 為首的否定句 (15%) 四、改寫成否定句 (10%)

例 sit down

Please sit down.

1. stand up

Please stand up.

2. quiet

Please be quiet.

3. wait in line

Please wait in line.

4. follow the rules

Please follow the rules.

5. nice

Please be nice.

例

Sit down, please.

1.

Stand up, please.

2.

Be quiet, please.

3.

Wait in line, please.

4.

Follow the rules, please.

5.

Be nice, please.

例 Sit down.

Please don't sit down.

1. Watch TV at night.

Please don't watch TV at night.

2. Eat on the metro.

Please don't eat on the metro.

3. Make some noise.

Please don't make any noise.

4. Run on the bus.

Please don't run on the bus.

5. Read the storybook.

Please don't read the storybook.

例 Let's dance.

Let's not dance.

1. Let's talk.

Let's not talk.

2. Let's sit down.

Let's not sit down.

3. Let's drink the milk.

Let's not drink the milk.

4. Let's close the door.

Let's not close the door.

5. Let's go to the gym.

Let's not go to the gym.

五、依提示完成句子 (10%)

例 Rosa / sit down / please

Rosa, sit down, please.

1. let's / nice / she

Let's be nice to her.

2. please / not / talk / I

Please don't talk to me.

3. Ray / stand up / please

Ray, stand up, please.

4. please / not / run / Jackie

Please don't run, Jackie.

5. let's / wait / they

Let's wait for them.

六、依提示作答 (15%)

例 a good student / May

(以祈使句完成句子)

Be a good student, May.

1. Jack / nice to your sister

(以祈使句完成句子)

Jack, be nice to your sister.

2. Please close the door. (改成否定句)

Please don't close the door.

3. Tom, be quiet. (在句尾加上 please)

Tom, be quiet, please.

4. Let's go there. (改成否定句)

Let's not go there.

5. Don't open your eyes.

(改成肯定句，並在句尾加入 please)

Open your eyes, please.

七、整句式翻譯 (30%)

1. 不要上學遲到。

Don't be late for school.

2. 請遵守規則。

Please follow the rules. / Follow

the rules, please.

3. Owen，小心。有部車在你後面。

Owen, watch out. There is a car

behind you.

4. 勿倚靠車門。

Don't lean on the door(s).

5. 讓座給有需要的人。

Give your seat to people in need.

6. 小心關閉中的車門。

Be careful of the closing door(s).

7. 等等我，Vicky。

Wait for me, Vicky.

8. 不要在博物館裡喊叫。

Don't shout in the museum.

9. 不要這麼吵鬧。

Don't be so noisy.

10. 我們到了。我們走吧。

Here we are. Let's go.

一、依提示寫出現在進行式 (10%)

例 she / be / draw

She is drawing.

1. we / be / talk / about the book

We are talking about the book.

2. Nick / be / run

Nick is running.

3. she / be / dance

She is dancing.

4. Roy and Lynn / be / chat

Roy and Lynn are chatting.

5. my mom / be / sleep in the room

My mom is sleeping in the room.

二、用現在進行式完成句子(10%) 三、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%) 四、依提示作答 (20%)

例 what / be / you / do

What are you doing?

1. be / Ed / read / a / English book

Is Ed reading an English book?

2. what / be / Brian / make

What is Brian making?

3. what / be / Linda / do

What is Linda doing?

4. be / Cindy / draw / a / picture

Is Cindy drawing a picture?

5. what / be / your brother / eat

What is your brother eating?

例 Tom is watching TV.

What is Tom doing?

1. Kevin is reading a storybook.

What is Kevin reading?

2. Yes, she is sleeping.

Is / Isn't she sleeping?

3. They are running.

What are they doing?

4. Joe's sister is washing her dog.

What is Joe's sister doing?

5. No, Ben is not watching TV.

Is / Isn't Ben watching TV?

例 Is he drawing? (肯定簡答)

Yes, he is.

1. Are you dancing? (否定簡答)

No, I'm / we're not.

2. What are they doing?

(用「做一個蛋糕」回答)

They are making a cake.

3. Is Alan reading a book? (肯定詳答)

Yes, he is reading a book.

4. We are not drawing. (改為肯定句)

We are drawing.

5. What are you and your brother doing? (用「吃晚餐」回答)

We are having / eating dinner.

五、依例句改寫句子 (10%)

例 It's 2:10.

It's two ten.

1. It's 3:20.

It's three twenty.

2. It's 6:32.

It's six thirty-two.

3. It's 7:50.

It's seven fifty.

4. It's 1:15.

It's one fifteen.

5. It's 5:45.

It's five forty-five.

六、依畫線部分造原問句 (10%)

例 Yes, it's five fifty-five.

Is it five fifty-five?

1. No, the party is not at 6 a.m.

Is / Isn't the party at 6 a.m.?

2. The math class is on Tuesday.

What day is the math class?

3. No, the group chat isn't on Friday.

Is / Isn't the group chat on Friday?

4. It's 9:25.

What time is it?

5. Today is Sunday.

What day is (it) today?

七、依提示作答 (10%)

1. What time is it? (用「11:00」詳答)

It's eleven (o'clock).

2. What time is the group chat?
(用「10:30」詳答)

It is at ten thirty.

3. Is it 8:35? (用「8:45」詳答)

No, it's eight forty-five.

4. What day is the basketball game?
(用「星期三」詳答)

It is on Wednesday.

5. The meeting is at 3 p.m.
(畫線部分用「星期二」改寫)

The meeting is on Tuesday.

八、整句式翻譯 (20%)

(1~4 每題 3 分, 5~6 每題 4 分)

例 我正在走路。

I am walking.

1. 那些人正在做什麼?

What are those people doing?

2. 今天星期幾?

What day is (it) today?

3. 紐約市現在幾點了?

What time is it in New York City?

4. Smith 一家人遲到了嗎?

Is the Smith family late?

5. 東京 (Tokyo) 現在是晚上十點。

It's 10 p.m. in Tokyo.

6. 他們正在談論關於今晚的會議。

They are talking about the meeting tonight.

1 上句型熟練卷解答

Lesson 1		Lesson 2	
<p>一、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. His sister is a student. 2. His brother is short. 3. You are a nurse. 4. The park is beautiful. 5. Jackie is an old man. <p>二、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. His sister is not a student. 2. His brother is not short. 3. You are not a nurse. 4. The park is not beautiful. 5. Jackie is not an old man. <p>三、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is his sister a student? 2. Is his brother short? 3. Are you a nurse? 4. Is the park beautiful? 5. Is Jackie an old man? <p>四、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (A) Yes, she is. (B) No, she's not / she isn't. 2. (A) Yes, he is. (B) No, he's not / he isn't. 3. (A) Yes, I am. (B) No, I'm not. 4. (A) Yes, it is. (B) No, it's not / it isn't. 5. (A) Yes, he is. (B) No, he's not / he isn't. 	<p>五、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is it a green pen? 2. Is it a small cup? 3. Is she a tall woman? 4. Is it a big park? 5. Is it an old school? <p>六、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is / Isn't it a birthday gift? 2. Is / Isn't the cook old? 3. Is / Isn't your father thin? 4. Is / Isn't she your aunt? 5. Who is Rick? <p>七、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No, she is not a doctor. 2. Yes, he is a short boy. 3. No, it is a big zoo. 4. No, she is an English teacher. 5. No, he is short. <p>八、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is he a farmer? 2. Mrs. Smith is not a nurse. 3. Peter is my cousin. 4. My mother is a cook, too. 5. James is a junior high school student. 	<p>一、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. These are their boxes. 2. That is your cat. 3. Those are Sam's watches. 4. They are Nancy's dogs. 5. This is Judy's pencil. <p>二、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. These are not their boxes. 2. That is not your cat. 3. Those are not Sam's watches. 4. They are not Nancy's dogs. 5. This is not Judy's pencil. <p>三、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Are these their boxes? 2. Is that your cat? 3. Are those Sam's watches? 4. Are they Nancy's dogs? 5. Is this Judy's pencil? <p>四、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (A) Yes, they are. (B) No, they're not / they aren't. 2. (A) Yes, it is. (B) No, it's not / it isn't. 3. (A) Yes, they are. (B) No, they're not / they aren't. 4. (A) Yes, they are. (B) No, they're not / they aren't. 5. (A) Yes, it is. (B) No, it's not / it isn't. 	<p>五、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This / That / It is a picture. 2. It is an ox. 3. This / That / It is a rabbit. 4. These / Those / They are tigers. 5. They are sheep. <p>六、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Is / Isn't this / that / it an eraser? 2. What are they / these / those? 3. What is this / that? 4. Is / Isn't this / that / it your watch? 5. Are / Aren't these / those / they your mom's hats? <p>七、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No, it is not Kevin's book. 2. No, they are not students. 3. Yes, it is my pet. 4. This / That / It is a chair. 5. These / Those / They are oranges. <p>八、</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. These are lions and tigers. 2. What's her animal sign? 3. These girls are great swimmers. 4. Those people are nice and warm. 5. He is like a father to me.

Lesson 3

一、

1. The eraser is between the book and the pen.
2. My house is in front of the zoo.
3. Ann's eraser is not in her bag.
4. My parents are in the kitchen.
5. Tom's bed is next to his desk.

二、

1. It is under the blanket.
2. They are on the table.
3. It is next to / beside the chair.
4. She is in front of the house.
5. They are in the living room.

三、

1. It is not under the blanket.
2. They are not on the table.
3. It is not next to / beside the chair.
4. She is not in front of the house.
5. They are not in the living room.

四、

1. Is it under the blanket?
2. Are they on the table?
3. Is it next to / beside the chair?
4. Is she in front of the house?
5. Are they in the living room?

五、

1. He is in the front of / on the bus.
2. It is on the table.
3. They are behind the tree.
4. She is between Jill and Joe.

六、

1. My cousin is in the kitchen.
2. It is in the dining room.
3. No, she is not in the bathroom.
4. No, they are in my bedroom.
5. No, they are behind the stairs.

七、

1. Where is the lake?
2. Are / Aren't Sam's books in the box?
3. Is / Isn't Helen in the kitchen?
4. Where is the zoo?
5. Is / Isn't your room next to the bathroom?

八、

1. Where are Sarah and her sister?
2. Kevin's desk is next to / beside the door.
3. The magic school is near a lake.
4. They are students in that school.
5. My shoes are under the table.
6. That house is between the school and the park.

Lesson 4

一、

1. There is a book on the desk.
2. There is a tiger near the pond.
3. There is a boy in the car.
4. There are two parks near here.
5. There are some cats under the sofa.

二、

1. There isn't a book on the desk.
2. There isn't a tiger near the pond.
3. There isn't a boy in the car.
4. There aren't two parks near here.
5. There aren't any cats under the sofa.

三、

1. Is there a book on the desk?
2. Is there a tiger near the pond?
3. Is there a boy in the car?
4. Are there two parks near here?
5. Are there any cats under the sofa?

四、

1. (A) Yes, there is.
(B) No, there is not / isn't.
2. (A) Yes, there is.
(B) No, there is not / isn't.
3. (A) Yes, there is.
(B) No, there is not / isn't.
4. (A) Yes, there are.
(B) No, there are not / aren't.
5. (A) Yes, there are.
(B) No, there are not / aren't.

五、

1. Is / Isn't there a park near the library?
2. Is / Isn't there a toy under the table?
3. Are / Aren't there any boys on the bus?
4. Are / Aren't there any pens in the bag?
5. Is / Isn't there a car between these two buses?

六、

1. Yes, there are (some) bears in the mountains.
2. Yes, there are two schools near the park.
3. No, there isn't a monkey in the zoo.
4. No, there isn't.
5. Yes, there is.

七、

1. There are some fish in the lake.
2. What is there in the room?
3. There aren't two gifts on the table.
4. Are there any shoes under the chair?
5. There aren't any pens on the TV.

八、

1. There are four houses here.
2. There are four basketball courts at my school.
3. There are a lot of animals in the zoo.
4. That park is my favorite place.
5. Is there a lake near the gym?
6. There aren't any people in the room.

Lesson 5

一、

1. Please stand up.
2. Please be quiet.
3. Please wait in line.
4. Please follow the rules.
5. Please be nice.

二、

1. Stand up, please.
2. Be quiet, please.
3. Wait in line, please.
4. Follow the rules, please.
5. Be nice, please.

三、

1. Please don't watch TV at night.
2. Please don't eat on the metro.
3. Please don't make any noise.
4. Please don't run on the bus.
5. Please don't read the storybook.

四、

1. Let's not talk.
2. Let's not sit down.
3. Let's not drink the milk.
4. Let's not close the door.
5. Let's not go to the gym.

五、

1. Let's be nice to her.
2. Please don't talk to me.
3. Ray, stand up, please.
4. Please don't run, Jackie.
5. Let's wait for them.

六、

1. Jack, be nice to your sister.
2. Please don't close the door.
3. Tom, be quiet, please.
4. Let's not go there.
5. Open your eyes, please.

七、

1. Don't be late for school.
2. Please follow the rules. / Follow the rules, please.
3. Owen, watch out. There is a car behind you.
4. Don't lean on the door(s).
5. Give your seat to people in need.
6. Be careful of the closing door(s).
7. Wait for me, Vicky.
8. Don't shout in the museum.
9. Don't be so noisy.
10. Here we are. Let's go.

Lesson 6

一、

1. We are talking about the book.
2. Nick is running.
3. She is dancing.
4. Roy and Lynn are chatting.
5. My mom is sleeping in the room.

二、

1. Is Ed reading an English book?
2. What is Brian making?
3. What is Linda doing?
4. Is Cindy drawing a picture?
5. What is your brother eating?

三、

1. What is Kevin reading?
2. Is / Isn't she sleeping?
3. What are they doing?
4. What is Joe's sister doing?
5. Is / Isn't Ben watching TV?

四、

1. No, I'm / we're not.
2. They are making a cake.
3. Yes, he is reading a book.
4. We are drawing.
5. We are having / eating dinner.

五、

1. It's three twenty.
2. It's six thirty-two.
3. It's seven fifty.
4. It's one fifteen.
5. It's five forty-five.

六、

1. Is / Isn't the party at 6 a.m.?
2. What day is the math class?
3. Is / Isn't the group chat on Friday?
4. What time is it?
5. What day is (it) today?

七、

1. It's eleven (o'clock).
2. It is at ten thirty.
3. No, it's eight forty-five.
4. It is on Wednesday.
5. The meeting is on Tuesday.

八、

1. What are those people doing?
2. What day is (it) today?
3. What time is it in New York City?
4. Is the Smith family late?
5. It's 10 p.m. in Tokyo.
6. They are talking about the meeting tonight.