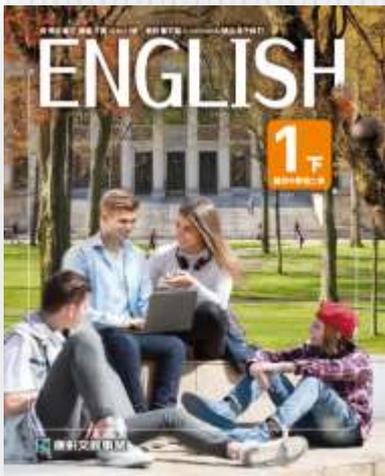


康軒國中英語 單字 PPT

Lesson 1

I Play Basketball Every Day



▶ badminton

[ˈbædmɪntən]

(n.) 羽毛球



課本例句

▶ Paul and his sister are playing badminton in the park.

Paul 和他的姐姐正在公園打羽毛球。

▶ soccer

[ˈsɑkə]

(n.) 足球



課本例句

▶ I don't watch soccer games.

我不看足球比賽。

▶ soccer

[ˈsɑkə]

(n.) 足球

易混淆字

圖示		
單字	soccer (美式英文) 或 football (英式英文)	football (美式英文)

▶ volleyball

[ˈvɑːlɪˌbɔːl]

(n.) 排球



課本例句

▶ We can play volleyball or basketball this afternoon.

我們今天下午可以打排球或籃球。

▶ tennis

[ˈtɛnɪs]

(n.) 網球



課本例句

▶ My dad is playing tennis with my mom.

我爸爸正和我媽媽打網球。

tennis

[`tɛnɪs]

(n.) 網球

補

table tennis 桌球

▶ baseball

[ˈbeɪsbɔːl]

(n.) 棒球



base (壘包) + ball

可指運動項目或單顆棒球。

baseball

[ˈbɛs,bɔl]

(n.) 棒球

課本例句

 (1) I watch baseball games on weekends.

我每週末看棒球比賽。

baseball

[ˈbɛs,bɔl]

(n.) 棒球

例

(2) Can you play baseball?

你會打棒球嗎？

▶ **team**

[**t**im]

(n.) 隊伍



課本例句

▶ I'm on the school basketball team.

我在籃球校隊。

▶ team

[tim]

(n.) 隊伍

補

teamwork (n.) 團隊合作

teammate (n.) 隊友

team sport (n.) 團隊運動



team

[tim]

(n.) 隊伍

90 年第二次基測試題

-  (**A**) Soccer is a kind of _____ sport. That means you cannot play it by yourself.
- | | |
|-----------|-------------|
| (A) team | (B) popular |
| (C) funny | (D) boring |

▶ team

[tim]

(n.) 隊伍

一字多義

(v.) 組隊；合作

補

team up (with...)

(和……) 組隊／合作



team

[tɪm]

(n.) 隊伍

例

You can team up with Tom for the game.

你可以和 Tom 組隊參加比賽。

▶ player

[ˈpleɪər]

(n.) 運動員；選手



play (從事……運動) + er

▶ player

[ˈpleɪər]

(n.) 運動員；選手

課本例句

▶ Jason is a very good badminton player on the school team.

Jason 是校隊中一位非常棒的羽毛球選手。

player

[ˈpleɪər]

(n.) 運動員；選手

補

在電玩遊戲中常看到的 player 指「玩家」。

practice

[ˈpræktɪs]

(v. ; n.) 練習

動詞變化：practices ; practiced ;
practicing

▶ practice

[`præktɪs]

(v. ; n.) 練習

課本例句

- ▶ (1) Judy and her friends are practicing basketball at school.
Judy 和她朋友們正在學校練習籃球。

practice

[`præktɪs]

(v. ; n.) 練習

例

(2) We have baseball practice every Saturday.

我們每週六有棒球練習。

practice

[`præktɪs]

(v. ; n.) 練習

96 年第二次基測試題

-  (**D**) If we want to win the ball game, we'll have to _____ long hours every day.
- (A) celebrate (B) follow
(C) grow (D) practice

▶ after school

[ˌæftə `skul]

放學後

課本例句

▶ Let's play soccer after school.

我們放學後來踢足球吧。

▶ after school

[ˌæftə `sku:l]

放學後

補

after-school (adj.) 課後的
an after-school club / activity
課後的社團／活動

▶ every

[`ɛvrɪ]

(adj.) 每一

every 後面接單數名詞，其後的動詞要用第三人稱單數動詞。

▶ every

[ˈɛvrɪ]

(adj.) 每一

課本例句

▶ (1) My friends and I practice English every day.

我和我的朋友們每天練習英文。

every

[`ɛvrɪ]

(adj.) 每一

例

(2) Every girl likes him.

每一個女孩都喜歡他。

can

[kæn ; kən]

(aux.) 會；能；可以

1. 無論人稱為何，後面都接原形動詞。

▶ can

[kæn ; kən]

(aux.) 會；能；可以

課本例句

▶ Ann: Can I have the cake on the dining table?

Ben: OK.

Ann：我可以吃餐桌上的蛋糕嗎？

Ben：好的。

can

[kæn ; kən]

(aux.) 會；能；可以

2. 表「能力」。

例

Kevin can play volleyball.

Kevin 會打排球。

▶ can

[kæn ; kən]

(aux.) 會；能；可以

3. 表「許可」。

例 A: Can I play video games after dinner?

B: No, you can't.

A：我晚餐後能玩電玩遊戲嗎？

B：不，你不能。



can

[kæn ; kən]

(aux.) 會；能；可以

4. 表「請求」。

例

Can you go to the movies with me tonight?

你今晚可以跟我去看電影嗎？



▶ worry

[ˈwʌrɪ ; ˈwɒrɪ]

(v.) 擔心

動詞變化：worries；worried；worrying

課本例句

▶ I'm fine. Don't worry about me.

我很好。別擔心我。

worry

[`wɜːrɪ ; `wʌrɪ]

(v.) 擔心

補

worry about... 擔心……

▶ really

[ˈrɪəli]

(adv.) 真地

1. 表對某事感興趣或驚訝。

▶ really

[ˈriəli]

(adv.) 真地

課本例句

▶ Jay: I like the strawberry cake.

Lily: Really? I like it, too.

Jay : 我喜歡這草莓蛋糕。

Lily : 真地嗎？我也喜歡。

▶ really

[ˈrɪəli]

(adv.) 真地

2. 表某事物的真假。

例

Ivy isn't really his sister.

Ivy 真地不是他的妹妹。

▶ really

[ˈrɪəli]

(adv.) 真地

3. 強調形容詞或副詞，用法同 very。

例

Wow. Your brother is really tall.

哇。你哥哥真高。

▶ really

[ˈrɪəli]

(adv.) 真地

補

real (adj.) 真的

▶ study

[ˈstʌdi]

(v. ; n.) 研讀；研究

動詞變化：studies；studied；studying

課本例句

▶ (1) I study English and math every night.

我每天晚上讀英文和數學。



▶ study

[ˈstʌdi]

(v. ; n.) 研讀；研究

例

(2) Dr. Kent is doing a study on birds in Taiwan.

Kent 博士正在進行臺灣鳥類的研究。

▶ video game

[ˈvɪdɪo ˌɡeɪm]

(n.) 電玩遊戲



課本例句

- ▶ David and his father are playing video games in the living room.
David 和他爸爸正在客廳玩電玩遊戲。

▶ either

[ˈiðə]

(adv.) 也（用於否定句）

課本例句

▶ Ken: I don't like the storybook.

Leo: I don't like it, either.

Ken: 我不喜歡這本故事書。

Leo: 我也不喜歡。

either

[ˈiðə]

(adv.) 也（用於否定句）

比較 too（也）則用於肯定句。

▶ must

[mʌst]

(aux.) 一定；必須

1. must 後面接原形動詞。

課本例句

▶ It's late. You must go home now.

很晚了。你現在必須回家。

▶ must

[mʌst]

(aux.) 一定；必須

2. 「must not + V」表「禁止、不准……」。

例

You must not shout at your mom.

你不准對你媽媽大喊。

▶ must

[mʌst]

(aux.) 一定；必須

3. must 的過去式為 had to 。

例 John had to practice tennis after school when he was on the school team.

當 John 在校隊時，他放學後必須練習網球。



▶ enjoy

[ɪnˈdʒɔɪ]

(v.) 享受

動詞變化：enjoys；enjoyed；enjoying

課本例句

▶ I enjoy my school life. What about you?

我享受我的學校生活。那你呢？

▶ **sure**

[ʃʊr]

(adv. ; adj.) 當然；確定的

口語中，用來表達同意。

▶ **sure**

[ʃʊr]

(adv. ; adj.) 當然；確定的

課本例句

▶ (1) Leo: Do you play tennis?

Kate: Sure. It's my favorite sport.

Leo：你打網球嗎？

Kate：當然。那是我最喜歡的運動。

▶ **sure**

[ʃʊr]

(adv. ; adj.) 當然；確定的

例

(2) The two tickets are five hundred dollars. Are you sure?

這兩張票是 500 元。你確定嗎？



▶ then

[ðɛn]

(adv.) 那麼；然後

課本例句

- ▶ (1) John, get a papaya. Then make some papaya milk.

John，拿一顆木瓜。然後打一些木瓜牛奶。

then

[ðɛn]

(adv.) 那麼；然後

例

(2) Hurry up, and then you can meet us at the station.

快點，那麼你可以在車站跟我們會合。

then

[ðɛn]

(adv.) 那麼；然後

一字多義 (adv.) 當時

例

I was in the room then.

我當時在這個房間裡。

▶ ticket

[ˈtɪkɪt]

(n.) 票；券



ticket for... 常用來表「……的門票」； ticket to... 常用來表「……的車票」。

▶ ticket

[ˈtɪkɪt]

(n.) 票；券

課本例句

▶ Paul: I have two tickets for the baseball game.

Betty: Can I go with you?

Paul：我有兩張這場棒球比賽的門票。

Betty：我可以跟你一起去嗎？

ticket

[ˈtɪkɪt]

(n.) 票；券

一字多義

(n.) 交通罰單

例

Mason got a speeding ticket.

Mason 收到一張超速罰單。

▶ together

[tə`gɛðə]

(adv.) 一起

課本例句

▶ My brother and I go to school together every day.

我弟弟和我每天一起上學。

▶ how much

[ˌhaʊ `mʌtʃ]

多少錢

課本例句

▶ Zack: How much are these books?
Ally: They are four hundred dollars.

Zack：這些書多少錢？

Ally：它們是四百元。

▶ hundred

[ˈhʌndrəd]

(n.) 百

hundred 和數字連用時，恆用單數。

課本例句

▶ There are one hundred students in my school.

我的學校有一百個學生。

hundred

[ˈhʌndrəd]

(n.) 百

補

hundreds of... (phr.) 數以百計的……

例

Look! There are hundreds of people in the park.

看！有數百人在公園裡。

▶ **dollar**

[ˈdɑlə]

(n.) 元



課本例句

▶ Rita: How much is the tea?

John: It's thirty-five dollars.

Rita: 這茶多少錢?

John: 它是三十五元。



▶ love

[lʌv]

(v. ; n.) 喜愛

動詞變化：loves ; loved ; loving

課本例句

▶ (1) I love my parents, and they love me, too.

我愛我的父母，而他們也愛我。

love

[lʌv]

(v. ; n.) 喜愛

例

(2) I don't know Calvin's love for baseball.

我不知道 Calvin 對棒球的喜愛。

love

[lʌv]

(v. ; n.) 喜愛

補

be in love with... 和……戀愛

fall in love with... 愛上……

love

[lʌv]

(v. ; n.) 喜愛

例

Ron fell in love with Kelly when he first saw her.

Ron 第一次見到 Kelly 時就愛上她。

反

hate (n. ; v.) 憎恨；厭惡

▶ join

[dʒɔɪn]

(v.) 參加

動詞變化：joins；joined；joining

課本例句

▶ (1) Let's join the badminton team this year.

我們今年加入羽球隊吧。

join

[dʒɔɪn]

(v.) 參加

例

(2) I can play baseball. Can I join you?

我會打棒球。我可以加入你們嗎？

▶ choose

[tʃuːz]

(v.) 選擇



動詞變化：chooses；chose；choosing

課本例句

▶ Come here and choose your ice cream, Jonny.

過來這裡選擇你的冰淇淋，Jonny。

choose

[tʃuz]

(v.) 選擇

補

choice (n.) 選擇

▶ thought

[θɔ:t]

(n.) 想法



表「想法」時，恆用複數。

▶ thought

[θɔ:t]

(n.) 想法

課本例句

▶ Linda: Can you tell me your thoughts?

Jim: Sure.

Linda: 你可以告訴我你的想法嗎?

Jim: 當然可以。

▶ thing

[θɪŋ]

(n.) 事；物

課本例句

▶ My father can do a lot of things.

我爸爸會做很多事情。

▶ score

[skɔr]

(v. ; n.) 得分

動詞變化：scores; scored; scoring



課本例句

▶ (1) What's the score now?

現在的比分是多少？

score

[skɔr]

(v. ; n.) 得分

例

(2) They always score in the last minute of the game.

他們總是在比賽的最後一分鐘得分。

▶ steal

[sti:l]

(v.) 抄球；偷竊



動詞變化：steals；stole；stealing

▶ steal

[stɪl]

(v.) 抄球；偷竊

課本例句

- ▶ (1) Tony is a basketball player, but he is not good at stealing the ball in the game.

Tony 是一名籃球選手，但他在球賽中不擅長抄球。

steal

[sti:l]

(v.) 抄球；偷竊

例

(2) Hey! Don't steal money from that old man.

嘿！不要偷那位老人的錢。

▶ even

[`ivən]

(adv.) 甚至

課本例句

▶ You can even see white rhinos in the zoo.

你甚至可以在這動物園看到白犀牛。

▶ **win**

[wɪn]

(v.) 贏



動詞變化：wins；won；winning

▶ win

[wɪn]

(v.) 贏

課本例句

▶ Ann: Can you win the tennis game?

Tom: Yes, I can.

Ann：你可以贏得這場網球比賽嗎？

Tom：是的，我可以。

win

[wɪn]

(v.) 贏

補

win a game / race 贏得球賽 / 賽跑

反

lose (v.) 輸掉 (比賽)

▶ lose

[lu:z]

(v.) 輸掉（比賽）；失去

動詞變化：loses；lost；losing

課本例句

▶ (1) They are good at soccer. They seldom lose.

他們很擅長足球。他們很少輸。

lose

[luz]

(v.) 輸掉（比賽）；失去

例

(2) David is a good player. We can't lose him.

David 是一位好球員。我們不能失去他。

▶ lose

[luz]

(v.) 輸掉（比賽）；失去

補

lost (adj.) 迷路的；走失的，
常用 be / get lost。

lose

[lu:z]

(v.) 輸掉（比賽）；失去

例

My dog was lost in the park
yesterday.

我的狗昨天在公園裡走失了。



▶ last

[læst]

(adj.) 最後的；
前一個的

課本例句

▶ (1) Can I have the last orange, Mom?

我能吃最後一顆柳橙嗎，媽媽？

last

[læst]

(adj.) 最後的；前一個的

例

(2) Where were you last weekend?

你上週末在哪裡？

▶ last

[læst]

(adj.) 最後的；前一個的

一字多義

(v.) 持續

動詞變化：lasts；lasted；lasting

last

[læst]

(adj.) 最後的；前一個的

例

This kind of battery can last for ten hours.

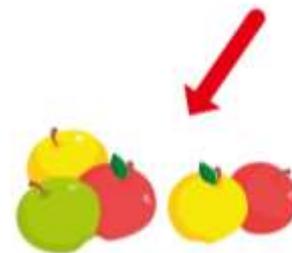
這種電池可以持續十小時。

▶ few

[fju]

(adj.) 幾個；很少

後接複數可數名詞，有否定意味，表「幾乎沒有」。



▶ few

[fju]

(adj.) 幾個；很少

課本例句

▶ (1) John and his brother have few friends at school.

John 和他哥哥在學校的朋友很少。

▶ few

[fju]

(adj.) 幾個；很少

例

(2) Few students can get good grades on the test. It's too difficult for them.

很少學生能在這個考試中得到高分。
這對他們來說太困難了。

▶ few

[fju]

(adj.) 幾個；很少

補

a few 指「一些」，後接複數可數名詞，等同 some。

▶ few

[fju]

(adj.) 幾個；很少

例

I need a few things to make fruit cakes.

我需要一些東西來製作水果蛋糕。

▶ second

[ˈsɛkənd]

(n.) 秒



課本例句

▶ There are 60 seconds in a minute.

一分鐘有 60 秒。

second

[ˈsɛkənd]

(n.) 秒

補

minute (n.) 分鐘 ; hour (n.) 小時

▶ everything

[ˈɛvrɪ,θɪŋ]

(pron.) 一切事物

當主詞時視為單數，須接單數動詞。

課本例句

▶ Is everything all right?

一切都好嗎？

▶ possible

[ˈpɑsəbl̩]

(adj.) 可能的

課本例句

▶ We can't win the game. It's not possible.

我們無法贏得這場比賽。這是不可能的。

▶ possible

[ˈpɑsəbəl]

(adj.) 可能的

反

impossible (adj.) 不可能的

▶ possible

[ˈpɑsəbl̩]

(adj.) 可能的

112 年會考試題

- ④ (C) It's not easy to see those islands clearly from here on sunny days, and it's even less _____ to see them on cloudy days.
- (A) difficult (B) lucky
(C) possible (D) special

▶ over

[ˈovə]

(prep.) 越過



課本例句

▶ We can't jump over the river.

我們無法跳過這條河。

▶ net

[nɛt]

(n.) (球) 網



課本例句

▶ There are two basketball nets on the court.

球場上有兩個籃球網。

▶ touch

[tʌtʃ]

(n. ; v.) 觸碰

動詞變化：touches ; touched ; touching

課本例句

▶ (1) Don't touch the dog. It is sleeping.

不要碰這隻狗。牠正在睡覺。



▶ touch

[tʌtʃ]

(n. ; v.) 觸碰

例

(2) I love the touch of my mom's fingers on my face.

我愛我媽媽的手指在我臉上的觸碰。

touch

[tʌtʃ]

(n. ; v.) 觸碰

一字多義 (v.) 感動；觸動

例

The story touched many people's hearts.

那故事觸動了許多人的心。

▶ push around

[ˌpʊʃ əˈraʊnd]

推擠



動詞變化：pushes；pushed；pushing

▶ push around

[ˌpʊʃ əˈraʊnd]

推擠

課本例句

▶ You can't push people around in the game.

你在這場遊戲中不能推擠人。

push around

[ˌpʊʃ əˈraʊnd]

推擠

補

push (v.) 推

反

pull (v.) 拉

push around

[ˌpʊʃ əˈraʊnd]

推擠

例

Push the door. Don't pull it.

推門。別拉它。

▶ hard

[hɑːd]



(adj.) 辛苦的；困難的

課本例句

▶ (1) The math test is not hard.

這數學考試不難。

hard

[hɑrd]

(adj.) 辛苦的；困難的

例

(2) The practice must be hard.

這練習一定很辛苦。

hard

[hard]

(adj.) 辛苦的；困難的

一字多義 (adj.) 硬的

例

The guava is too hard. Grandpa can't eat it.

這芭樂太硬了。爺爺無法吃它。

hard

[hɑːd]

(adj.) 辛苦的；困難的

一字多義 (adv.) 努力地

例

They study hard every day.

他們每天努力讀書。

picture

[ˈpɪktʃə]

(v.) 想像

動詞變化：pictures；pictured；
picturing

▶ picture

[ˈpɪktʃə]

(v.) 想像

課本例句

▶ I can't picture you as a math teacher.

我無法想像你是個數學老師。

