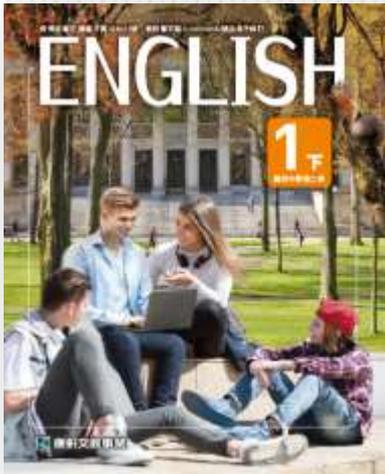


# 康軒國中英語 單字 PPT

## Lesson 3

### What's the Date Today?



# ▶ month

[mʌnθ]

(n.) 月

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

## 課本例句

▶ (1) There are twelve months in a year.

一年有十二個月。

# ▶ month

[mʌnθ]

(n.) 月

例

(2) The baby is only two months old.

這個嬰兒只有兩個月大。

# ▶ month

[mʌnθ]

(n.) 月

補

day (n.) 日

week (n.) 週

year (n.) 年

# ▶ January

[ˈdʒænjʊ.ɛrɪ]

(n.) 一月

縮寫為 Jan.。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

## 課本例句

▶ (1) The year starts with January.

一年始於一月。

# ▶ January

[ˈdʒænjʊ,ɛrɪ]

(n.) 一月

例

(2) Ann's birthday is on January 1st.

Ann 的生日在一月一日。

# ▶ February

[ˈfebrʊ,əri]

(n.) 二月

縮寫為 Feb.。

## 課本例句

▶ My grandma's birthday is in February.

我奶奶的生日在二月。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28						



# ▶ March

[mɑ:rtʃ]

(n.) 三月

縮寫為 Mar.。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

## 課本例句

▶ Ted's birthday is on March 10th.

Ted 的生日在三月十日。



# March

[mɑːtʃ]

(n.) 三月

## 90 年第二次基測試題

-  ( **D** ) March is the third month of the year. It comes \_\_\_\_\_ February and April.
- (A) about                      (B) before  
(C) during                      (D) between

# ▶ April

[ˈeɪprəl]

(n.) 四月

縮寫為 Apr. ◦



## 課本例句

▶ Alex goes to the USA with his parents every April.

Alex 每年四月和他的父母去美國。



# ▶ May

[me]

(n.) 五月

05						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

## 課本例句

▶ Mother's Day is on the second Sunday in May.

母親節在五月的第二個星期日。

# ▶ May

[me]

(n.) 五月

## 一字多義

(aux.) (用於請求許可) 可以

例

May I go to the bathroom?

我可以去洗手間嗎？

# ▶ June

[dʒun]

(n.) 六月

縮寫為 Jun.。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

## 課本例句

▶ June is the 6th month of the year.

六月是一年中第六個月分。

# ▶ July

[dʒuˈlaɪ]

(n.) 七月

縮寫為 Jul.。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

## 課本例句

▶ We don't go to school in July.

我們七月不用上學。

# ▶ August

[ˈɔːɡəst]

(n.) 八月

縮寫為 Aug. ◦

08						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

## 課本例句

▶ It is very hot in August in Taipei.

臺北八月非常熱。◦

# ▶ September

[sɛp`tɛmbə]

(n.) 九月

縮寫為 Sept. ◦

## 課本例句

▶ Teacher's Day is in September.

教師節在九月 ◦



A calendar for the month of September. The header shows '09' in large white digits on a teal background. Below the header, the days of the week are listed in red: SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT. The dates are arranged in a grid. The first row shows dates 1, 2, and 3. The second row shows 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10. The third row shows 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17. The fourth row shows 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24. The fifth row shows 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30. The dates 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 18, 25, 10, 17, and 24 are highlighted in red.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

# ▶ October

[əˈkɒtəbər]

(n.) 十月

縮寫為 Oct.。

## 課本例句

▶ September is between August and October.

九月在八月和十月之間。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

# ▶ November

[no`vɛmbə]

(n.) 十一月

縮寫為 Nov.。

## 課本例句

▶ It is cold in November here.

這裡十一月很冷。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

# ▶ December

[dɪˈsɛmbə]

(n.) 十二月

縮寫為 Dec.。

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

## 課本例句

▶ Students in the USA don't go to school on December 25th.

美國的學生在十二月二十五日不用上學。

# ▶ race

[res]

(n. ; v.) 賽跑；競賽



1. 動詞變化：races；raced；  
racing

2. 特別指「競速」的比賽，如賽  
跑、游泳競賽。

# ▶ race

[res]

(n. ; v.) 賽跑；競賽

## 課本例句

▶ (1) I watch the car race every Sunday.

我每個星期日看賽車。

# ▶ race

[res]

(n. ; v.) 賽跑；競賽

例

(2) Come on! I'll race against you.

來啊！我要跟你競賽。

# ▶ whose

[huːz]

(adj. ; pron.) 誰的

放疑問句的句首，後面可接名詞。

# ▶ whose

[huːz]

(adj. ; pron.) 誰的

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Zack: Whose dog is running  
in the park?

Joan: That's John's dog.

Zack : 誰的狗在公園裡跑？

Joan : 那是 John 的狗。



# ▶ whose

[huːz]

(adj. ; pron.) 誰的

例

(2) There's a cup on the table.

Whose is it?

桌子上有一個杯子。是誰的？

# ▶ whose

[huz]

(adj. ; pron.) 誰的

## 96 年第二次基測試題

- ④ ( D ) Emma: \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella is it?  
Sherry: It's Ann's. She forgot to take it home.
- (A) What                      (B) Where  
(C) Which                    (D) Whose

# ▶ when

[(h)wɛn]

(adv.) 何時

為詢問時間的疑問詞。

# ▶ when

[(h)wɛn]

(adv.) 何時

## 課本例句

▶ Leo: When is the meeting with the students in New York City?

Kelly: It's at 8 p.m.

Leo：和紐約學生的會議是何時？

Kelly：是晚上八點。



# ▶ when

[(h)wɛn]

(adv.) 何時

## 一字多義

(conj.) 當……時

例

When Oscar studied in the UK, he met his wife.

當 Oscar 在英國讀書時，他認識了他的妻子。

# ▶ date

[dɛt]

(n.) 日期；約會



## 課本例句

▶ (1) Ann: What's the date today?

Ben: It's May 28th.

Ann: 今天幾月幾日?

Ben: 五月二十八日。



# **date**

[d**e**t]

(n.) 日期；約會

**例**

(2) Jenny and David have a date tonight.

Jenny 和 David 今晚有個約會。

# ▶ third

[θɜːd]



(adj. ; n.) 第三 (的)

three 的序數。

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Tuesday is the third day of the week.

星期二是一週的第三天。

# ▶ third

[θɜːd]

(adj. ; n.) 第三 (的)

例

(2) Her birthday is on August third.

她的生日在八月三日。

# ▶ third

[θɜːd]

(adj. ; n.) 第三 ( 的 )

補

one-third (n.) 三分之一

two-thirds (n.) 三分之二

# ▶ away

[ə`we]

(adv.) 離……之遠；離開

可以指時間上或空間上的距離。

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Today is May 8th. Father's Day is three months away.

今天是五月八日。父親節是在三個月後。

# ▶ away

[ə`we]

(adv.) 離……之遠；離開

例

(2) The museum is ten miles away.

博物館離這裡有十英里遠。

(3) Stay away from him.

離他遠一點。

# ▶ first

[fɜːst]



(adj. ; n. ; adv.) 第一（的）；首先  
one 的序數。

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Sunday is the first day of the week.

星期日是一週的第一天。

# ▶ first

[fɜːst]

(adj. ; n. ; adv.) 第一（的）；首先

例

(2) Leo is my first friend in this school.

Leo 是我在這間學校的第一個朋友。

# ▶ first

[fɜːst]

(adj. ; n. ; adv.) 第一（的）；首先

例

(3) I can go with you, but I have to call my mom first.

我可以跟你去，但我必須先打電話給我媽媽。

# ▶ runner

[ˈrʌnə]

(n.) 跑者



## 課本例句

▶ Eddie is a good runner. He can win the race.

Eddie 是個很棒的跑者。他可以贏得這場賽跑。

# ▶ runner

[ˈrʌnə]

(n.) 跑者

補

swimmer (n.) 泳者

dancer (n.) 舞者

singer (n.) 歌手

# ▶ runner

[ˈrʌnə]

(n.) 跑者

補

run (v.) 跑；經營

動詞變化：runs；ran；running

# ▶ runner

[ˈrʌnə]

(n.) 跑者

例

(1) I can run a mile in ten minutes.

我可以在十分鐘內跑一英里。

# ▶ runner

[ˈrʌnə]

(n.) 跑者

例

(2) Larry's father runs a small business in town.

Larry 的父親在鎮上經營一間小商店。

# ▶ work

[wɜ:k]

(v. ; n.) 工作



1. 動詞變化：works ; worked ; working
2. 表「工作」時為不可數名詞。

# ▶ work

[wɜ:k]

(v. ; n.) 工作

## 課本例句

▶ (1) My parents work from Monday to Friday.

我父母星期一到星期五上班。

# work

[wɜ:k]

(v. ; n.) 工作

**例**

(2) Jasmine starts her work at nine every day.

Jasmine 每天九點開始她的工作。

# ▶ work

[wɜ:k]

(v. ; n.) 工作

## 一字多義

(n.) 作品；著作（可數名詞）

例

I like the writer's works very much.

我非常喜歡那位作家的作品。

# ▶ take care of

[ˈteɪk ˌkeɪ əv]

照顧



動詞變化：takes；took；taking

## 課本例句

▶ My sister has a pet. She takes care of it every day.

我姐姐有一隻寵物。她每天照顧牠。

# ▶ take care of

[ˈteɪk ˌkeɪ əv]

照顧

## 98 年第一次基測試題

- ④ ( C ) Jim grew up with many animals at home and knows well how to \_\_\_\_\_ pets.
- (A) belong to                      (B) get away from  
(C) take care of                      (D) wake up

# ▶ take care of

[ˈteɪk ˌkeɪ əv]

照顧

## 一字多義

處理；負責

例

Don't worry. I'll take care of the drinks for the party.

別擔心。我會處理派對所需的飲料。

# ▶ also

[ˈɔlso]

(adv.) 也

用於肯定句，通常放在 be 動詞後  
或一般動詞前。

同

too (也) 則放在句尾。

# ▶ also

[ˈɒlso]

(adv.) 也

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Jane is good at tennis. She is also good at badminton.

Jane 很擅長網球。她也擅長羽毛球。

# ▶ also

[ˈɒlso]

(adv.) 也

例

(2) Kenny plays the guitar every day, and Judy also plays the guitar every day.

Kenny 每天彈吉他，Judy 也每天彈  
吉他。

# ▶ play the role of...

[ˌpleɪ ðə ˈrɒl əv]

扮演.....的角色

動詞變化：plays；played；playing

## 課本例句

▶ Frank plays the role of a young doctor in the movie.

Frank 在這部電影中扮演年輕醫生的角色。

# ▶ letter

[ˈlɛtə]

(n.) 信件



## 課本例句

▶ Daniel is writing a letter to his mom.

Daniel 正在寫信給他的媽媽。

# ▶ letter

[ˈlɛtə]

(n.) 信件

## 一字多義

(n.) 字母

例

Our names all start with the letter S.

我們的名字都是以字母 S 開頭。

# ▶ dear

[dɪr]

(adj.) 親愛的

## 課本例句

▶ Nice to see you again, my dear friend.

很高興再次遇見你，我親愛的朋友。

# ▶ dear

[dɪr]

(adj.) 親愛的

補

在英文書信裡，常用 Dear 開頭作問候語。

例

Dear Mom / Mr. Smith / Rita

親愛的媽媽 / Smith 先生 / Rita



# ▶ still

[stɪl]

(adv.) 仍然

用於肯定句，通常放在 be 動詞後或一般動詞前。

# ▶ still

[stɪl]

(adv.) 仍然

## 課本例句

▶ (1) John: Do you still have Linda's phone number?

Mary: Yes. It's 8665-1234.

John: 你仍有 Linda 的電話號碼嗎?

Mary: 有。是 8665-1234。

# ▶ still

[stɪl]

(adv.) 仍然

例

(2) It's late, but Carl is still watching TV.

現在很晚了，但 Carl 仍然在看電視。

# ▶ busy

[ˈbɪzi]

(adj.) 忙碌的



1. 「人 + be busy + V-ing...」。
2. 「人 + be busy with + 事...」。

# ▶ busy

[ˈbɪzi]

(adj.) 忙碌的

## 課本例句

▶ (1) I can't go out with you. I'm busy now.

我沒辦法跟你出去。我現在很忙碌。

# ▶ busy

[ˈbɪzi]

(adj.) 忙碌的

例

(2) Cindy is busy making videos.  
She can't go with us.

Cindy 正忙著製作影片。她不能跟我們去。

# ▶ busy

[ˈbɪzi]

(adj.) 忙碌的

例

(3) The children are busy with their homework.

孩子們忙著做作業。

# ▶ miss

[mɪs]

(v.) 想念



動詞變化：misses；missed；missing

## 課本例句

▶ My dad works in the USA. I miss him a lot.

我爸爸在美國工作。我很想念他。

# ▶ miss

[mɪs]

(v.) 想念

## 一字多義

(v.) 錯過

例

I missed the beginning of the movie.

我錯過了那部電影的開頭。



# ▶ housework

[ˈhɑʊs,wɜːk]

(n.) 家事



「做」家事的動詞須使用 do。

## 課本例句

▶ (1) William helps his father with the housework every day.

William 每天幫他父親做家事。

# ▶ housework

[ˈhɑːs,wɜːk]

(n.) 家事

例

(2) Sandra does housework every day.

Sandra 每天做家事。

# ▶ mop

[mɑp]



(v. ; n.) 拖（地）；拖把

動詞變化：mops；mopped；mopping

## 課本例句

▶ (1) Let's mop the floor together.

我們一起來拖地吧。

# mop

[mɑp]

(v. ; n.) 拖（地）；拖把

 例

(2) The mop is dirty. Don't use it.

那支拖把是髒的。不要用它。

# mop

[mɑp]

(v. ; n.) 拖 (地) ; 拖把

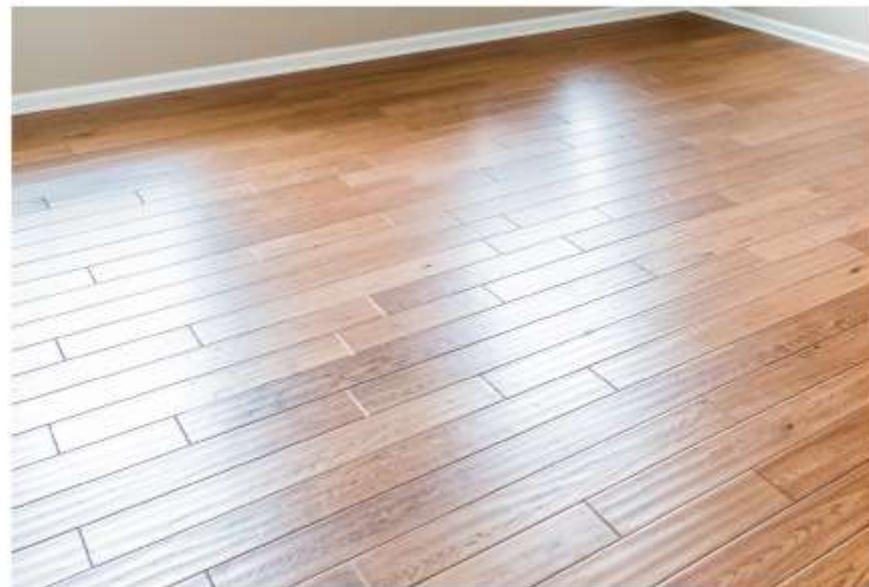
## 90 年第二次基測試題

-  ( **D** ) When the floor is dirty, my brother is always the first one to \_\_\_\_\_ it.
- (A) finish                      (B) solve  
(C) change                      (D) mop

# ▶ floor

[flor]

(n.) 地板；樓層



## 課本例句

▶ (1) There is a big box on the floor.

地上有一個大箱子。

# floor

[flɔr]

(n.) 地板；樓層

**例**

(2) My room is on the second floor.

我的房間在二樓。

# ▶ floor

[flɔr]

(n.) 地板；樓層

## 辨別

floor 用以指稱「室內的地板」，而 ground 則用以指稱「室外的地面」。

# ▶ do the dishes

[`du ðə `dɪʃɪz]

洗碗盤



動詞變化：does；did；doing

# ▶ do the dishes

[ˈdu ðə ˈdɪʃɪz]

洗碗盤

## 課本例句

▶ Ian does the dishes after dinner every night.

Ian 每天晚上晚餐後洗碗。

# ▶ second

[ˈsɛkənd]

(adj. ; n.) 第二 ( 的 )

two 的序數。

## 課本例句

▶ My second class starts at 9:10 a.m.

我的第二堂課在早上九點十分開始。



# ▶ second

[ˈsɛkənd]

(adj. ; n.) 第二 ( 的 )

例

(2) Today is April second.

今天是四月二日。

# ▶ over there

[ˌoʊvə ˈðɛr]

在那邊

## 課本例句

▶ Lisa: Who's the boy over there?

Bill: He's Gina's brother.

Lisa：那邊那個男孩是誰？

Bill：他是 Gina 的弟弟。

