

康軒國中英語 文法即時通 B2 L6

- ▶ 一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)
- ▶ 二、before 與 ago 的用法
- ▶ 三、詢問天氣狀況的問句
- ▶ 四、表達天氣狀況的句型

一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

一個英文句子中只有一個動詞；而動詞分兩種，一種是「**be 動詞**」，另一種是「**一般動詞**」。而時態可分為現在式、過去式及未來式。本課介紹 **be 動詞** 的過去式，是用來表達「過去的狀態」。**am** 和 **is** 的過去式是 **was**；**are** 的過去式是 **were**。



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

1. 過去式 be 動詞也可和 not 縮寫，如 was not → wasn't、were not → weren't，但 was 和 were 不可和主詞縮寫。

例 (1) Judy **wasn't** tall before.
(Judy 以前不高。)

(2) We **weren't** friends before.
(我們以前不是朋友。)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

2. 過去簡單式 (be 動詞) 的句型變化 :

句型變化及例句

主詞 + was / were + 形容詞 / 名詞...

肯定句

(1) Fred **was** thin ten years ago. (Fred 十年前很瘦。)

(2) My brothers **were** nurses before. (我的哥哥們以前是護理師。)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

2. 過去簡單式 (be 動詞) 的句型變化 :

句型變化及例句	
否定句	主詞 + wasn't / weren't + 形容詞 / 名詞...
	(1) I wasn't nice to you then. (我那時對你不友善。) (2) My parents weren't teachers before. (我的爸媽以前不是老師。)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

2. 過去簡單式 (be 動詞) 的句型變化：

句型變化及例句	
Yes / No 疑問句 及簡答	Was / Were + 主詞 + 形容詞 / 名詞...? Yes, 主詞 + was / were. No, 主詞 + wasn't / weren't.
	Ann: Were you angry then? (你那時生氣嗎？) Ben: Yes, I was . (是的，我是。) / No, I wasn't . (不，我不是。)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

2. 過去簡單式 (be 動詞) 的句型變化：

句型變化及例句	
wh- 疑問句及答句	疑問詞 + was / were + 主詞...?
	(1) Jane: Where were you then? (你那時在哪裡？) Bill: I was in my room. (我那時在我的房間。)
	(2) Jane: Why was she there then? (她那時為什麼在那裡？) Bill: I have no idea. (我不知道。)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

注意 there is / are 的過去式是 there was / were，表「以前在某處有……」。

例 (1) **There were** a lot of tall trees here before. (這裡以前有很多高的樹。)

(2) **Why was there** a gift on the table then? (桌上那時為什麼會有禮物？)



填充題 (根據句意填入正確的 be 動詞時態)

1. Jasmine was short and fat five years ago, but now she is tall and thin.
2. Henry's father likes baseball very much. He was a baseball player before.



填充題 (根據句意填入正確的 be 動詞時態)

3. Mike: Where are your brothers?

Billy: They are in the library now.

4. Tina: Is your mother a doctor?

Eric: No, she is a teacher.

5. Nick: Were you late for work yesterday morning?

Ken: Yes, I was.



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

3. 搭配過去式使用的時間副詞：

yesterday+一段時間

yesterday morning / afternoon / evening

(昨天早上 / 下午 / 傍晚) 、

yesterday (昨天)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

3. 搭配過去式使用的時間副詞：

last+一段時間

last night / week / month / year / Monday
(昨晚 / 上禮拜 / 上個月 / 去年 / 上星期一)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

3. 搭配過去式使用的時間副詞：

一段時間+ago

one hour ago (一小時前) 、
two days ago (兩天前) 、
three months ago (三個月前) 、
four years ago (四年前)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

3. 搭配過去式使用的時間副詞：

其他

before (以前) 、

the day before yesterday (前天) 、

at that time = then (那時) 、

just now (剛才)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

3. 搭配過去式使用的時間副詞：

this

this morning / afternoon / evening /
week / Monday

(今天早上 / 今天下午 / 今天傍晚 / 這
週 / 這星期一)



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

注意

1. 表達「昨天早上、昨天下午、昨天傍晚及昨天晚上」為固定用法，要用 yesterday morning / afternoon / evening 以及 last night。
2. today (今天) 和 this (這個) 形成的時間副詞，時態可能是「過去式」、「現在式」或「未來式」，其時態要依動作發生的時間而定。



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

注意 例(1) I wanted to eat a burger **this morning**, but my mom already made some bread for me.

(今天早上我本來想吃一個漢堡，但是我媽已經做了一些麵包給我。)

→ 過去式



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

注意 例(2) I want to eat a burger **this morning.**

(今天早上我想吃一個漢堡。)

→ 現在式

(3) I will eat a burger **this morning.** What about you?

(今天早上我會吃一個漢堡，那你呢？)

→ 未來式



一、過去簡單式 (be 動詞)

注意 例(4) I met Leo in a coffee shop **today**.

(我今天在一家咖啡廳遇到 Leo 。) → 過去式

(5) I will meet Leo in a coffee shop **today**.

(我今天會跟 Leo 在一家咖啡廳見面 。) → 未來式



練習題

(A) 1. Dan: Where _____ the students?

Ellen: I don't know. They were in the classroom an hour ago.

- (A) are
- (B) were
- (C) was
- (D) is



練習題

- (B) 2. Dan: Where _____ the students this morning?
Ellen: I don't know. But they are in the library now.
- (A) are
 - (B) were
 - (C) was
 - (D) is



練習題

- (C) 3. There _____ a metro station next to the park, but now it's gone (不見了).
(A) are (B) were
(C) was (D) is
- (B) 4. Ella _____ late for school yesterday morning. Her teacher _____ angry (生氣的) with her.
(A) is; is (B) was; was
(C) was; is (D) is; was



練習題

(C) 5. Jerry _____ short and thin,
but now he is very different.
He _____ tall and fat.

(A) is; is (B) was; was

(C) was; is (D) is; was

(A) 6. Lily wasn't home _____. She
was on a trip with her friends.

(A) last week (B) now

(C) today (D) ago



練習題

- (D) 7. The fruit in the market _____
fresh (新鮮的) . Do you want
some?
(A) are (B) were
(C) was (D) is
- (C) 8. The water in the mountains
_____ dirty. There weren't any
fish in the water.
(A) are (B) were
(C) was (D) is



練習題

(C) 9. Bill: How _____ your life in New York?

Dan: Great. I really like my life here.

- (A) do
- (B) does
- (C) is
- (D) was



練習題

(B) 10. Ivy: _____ you busy this morning?

Leo: Yes, I'm tired (疲倦的) now. Luckily (幸運地), I finished (完成了) all my homework.

(A) Are

(B) Were

(C) Do

(D) Did



練習題

(A) 11. Ivy: _____ you busy this morning?

Leo: Yes, and I don't even have time for breakfast.

- (A) Are
- (B) Were
- (C) Do
- (D) Did



會考題

- (B) 1. Life in the mountains _____
quieter (更安靜) than life in
big cities. 【97-2-2】
- (A) are
 - (B) is
 - (C) to be
 - (D) being



會考題

- (C) 2. At first, my bookstore's business
(書店的生意) _____ not very
good. But now it is doing quite
well (非常好) . 【95-1-10】
- (A) is
 - (B) does
 - (C) was
 - (D) did



二、before 與 ago 的用法

1. before 與 ago 皆為時間副詞，用在描述過去事件。
2. before 可單獨存在，且不與時間單位連用，表示「以前」；ago 不可單獨存在，且須與時間單位連用，表示「……以前」。



二、before 與 ago 的用法

例 (1) Joe was a tennis player
before.

(Joe 以前是個網球選手。)

(2) Joe was a tennis player
ten years ago.

(Joe 十年前是個網球選手。)



填充題 (依照句意填入副詞 ago 或 before)

1. Paula and her friends were in Taipei a week ago.
2. There was a metro station near my house before.
3. Tony was the captain (隊長) of the school team three months ago.



填充題 (依照句意填入副詞 ago 或 before)

4. The streets in Evergreen Town were quiet twenty years ago.

5. The park was very dirty before, but now it's beautiful and clean.



三、詢問天氣狀況的問句

「How's the weather + 地方副詞 + 時間副詞？」 = 「What's the weather like + 地方副詞 + 時間副詞？」

例 How's the weather in Taiwan in winter? (臺灣冬天的天氣如何?)
= **What's the weather like** in Taiwan in winter?



三、詢問天氣狀況的問句

注意

What's 為 What is 的縮寫，若詢問過去時間，可用 What was 為首，不可縮寫；How's 為 How is 的縮寫，若詢問過去時間，可用 How was 為首，不可縮寫。



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

- 句型 A : The weather / It + is / was + 天氣形容詞...
→ It 當主詞的用法較常見

描述天氣狀況的形容詞

sunny (晴朗的) 、 rainy (多雨的) 、
cloudy (多雲的) 、 windy (多風的)
snowy (多雪的)
→ 多由名詞加 -y 而形成的



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

- 句型 A : The weather / It + is / was +
天氣形容詞...
→ It 當主詞的用法較常見

描述感受的形容詞

hot (炎熱的) 、 warm (溫暖的) 、
cool (涼爽的) 、 cold (寒冷的)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

例 (1) A: What's the weather like in Taipei in winter?

(臺北冬天天氣如何？)

B: It is cold. (天氣很冷。)

(2) A: How was the weather in Taichung yesterday?

(臺中昨天的天氣如何？)

B: The weather was warm and sunny. (昨天天氣溫暖且晴朗。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

2. 句型 B : It + 動詞 (rain / snow) +
程度副詞 (a lot / hard...) .

注意

rain 和 snow 在此句型中當動詞，
而在此句型中主詞一定要用 it。

例 (1) It rains a lot in Taiwan in
summer.

(臺灣夏天下很多雨。)

(2) It snows a lot in Japan in
winter.

(日本冬天下很多雪。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

3. 句型 C : We / You / They + have +
(數量形容詞) + 名詞 (rain
/ snow) .

注意

- (1) 此句型用來表達「我們 / 你們 / 他們的天氣狀況」。
- (2) rain 和 snow 在此句型中當不可數名詞用。



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

3. 句型 C : We / You / They + have +
(數量形容詞) + 名詞 (rain
/ snow) .

注意 例 (1) We have a lot of rain
here in summer.
(我們這裡夏天下很多雨。)

(2) They have a lot of
snow in New York City
in winter.
(紐約冬天下很多雪。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

4. 句型 D : There + be 動詞 + 數量形容詞 + 名詞 (rain / snow) .

注意 rain 和 snow 在此句型中當不可數名詞用。

例 (1) Was there a lot of rain last spring?

(去年春天雨水多嗎？)

(2) There wasn't any snow last winter.

(去年冬天沒有任何的雪。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

觀念 釐清

1. 句型 C 和句型 D 可替換，其概念同「人 + have / had...」和「There is / was...」的互換。
2. rain 和 snow 可當動詞，也可當不可數名詞。當動詞用時，主詞一定要用 it；當不可數名詞用時，可用「人 + have / had...」和「There is / was...」的句型。



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

形容詞 rainy / snowy

The weather / It + is / was + rainy / snowy.

It was rainy yesterday. (昨天下雨。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

rain、snow 當動詞

It + rains / snows + 程度副詞 (a lot / hard...) .

It rains a lot here in summer.
(這裡夏天下很多雨。)



四、表達天氣狀況的句型

rain、snow 當不可數名詞

We / You / They + have + 數量形容詞 +
rain / snow.

= There + be 動詞 + 數量形容詞 +
rain / snow.

We have a lot of rain here in summer.

= There is a lot of rain here in summer.

(這裡夏天下很多雨。)



練習題

(B) 1. A: _____ is always a lot of snow in Russia (俄羅斯) in December.

B: Really? It must be very cold.

(A) It

(B) There

(C) The weather

(D) They



練習題

(D) 2. A: _____ have a lot of snow
in Russia (俄羅斯) in
December.

B: Really? It must be very cold.

(A) It

(B) There

(C) The weather

(D) They



練習題

(D) 3. A: How's the weather?

B: It _____. Bring (帶著) an umbrella (雨傘) with you.

(A) rain (B) rainy

(C) raining (D) is raining

(A) 4. A: What was the weather like yesterday?

B: _____ was cold.

(A) It (B) There

(C) We (D) Here



練習題

(C) 5. A: Does _____ often snow a lot in Japan in winter?

B: Yes, _____ does.

(A) he; he (B) there; it

(C) it; it (D) there; there

(D) 6. A: How's the weather?

B: It _____ a lot.

(A) raining (B) was rainy

(C) was raining (D) rains



練習題

- (C) 7. There was little _____ last year.
(A) rains (B) snows
(C) rain (D) snowy
- (B) 8. _____ a lot of rain in April. It
_____ almost every day.
(A) There is; rain
(B) There is; rains
(C) There are; rain
(D) There are; rains



會考題

- (D) 1. Spring is a wonderful (很好的)
season because (因為)
_____ is usually warm and
sunny. 【 95-1-4 】
- (A) which (B) this
(C) one (D) it



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(C) 1. Teddy: Where _____ John
yesterday afternoon?
Anna: He _____ in the movie
theater.

- (A) were; was
- (B) were; were
- (C) was; was
- (D) was; were



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(C) 2. Susan: _____ there a lot of
_____ here last year?

Bob: I have no idea.

- (A) Was; snows
- (B) Were; snows
- (C) Was; snow
- (D) Were; snow



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(B) 3. Charlie: _____ the girls ten minutes ago?

Daniel: They were on the sports field.

- (A) Where are
- (B) Where were
- (C) What are
- (D) What were



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(D) 4. A: _____ the weather _____ in
the USA in summer?

B: It's hot.

(A) What; like

(B) What; ×

(C) How's; like

(D) How's; ×



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(A) 5. The car _____ dirty before, but it _____ really clean now.

(A) was; is (B) is; was

(C) was; was (D) is; is

(B) 6. A: Where were you last _____ ?

B: I was at Scott's place.

(A) evening (B) night

(C) morning (D) afternoon



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(D) 7. Robert: What was the weather like in Hong Kong yesterday?

Eddie: _____ was _____.

- (A) Weather; rains
- (B) Weather; sunny
- (C) It; rains
- (D) It; sunny



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(B) 8. Willy: Were there _____ farms
(農場) in George Town
before?

John: Yes, there _____ a lot of
farms.

- (A) any; weren't
- (B) any; were
- (C) some; weren't
- (D) some; was



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(A) 9. Billy: _____ was with you in the library this morning?
Jason: My cousin Ron was with me.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| (A) Who | (B) Where |
| (C) What | (D) How |



一、文法選擇 (每題 3分 , 共 30 分)

(B) 10. Terry: Were there two
basketball courts in
your school _____?

Nora: Yes, there _____.

- (A) before; was
- (B) before; were
- (C) ago; was
- (D) ago; were



二、依提示造句 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

1. The boys are in the classroom now.
(將畫線部分用 an hour ago 代替並改寫句子)

The boys were in the classroom an
hour ago.

2. Julia is a player on the school
basketball team. (加入 before 並改寫句子)

Julia was a player on the school
basketball team before.



二、依提示造句 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

3. It is hot in Taiwan in summer.
(依畫線部分造原問句)

How's the weather in Taiwan in summer? /

What's the weather like in Taiwan in summer?

4. Do you have a lot of snow in winter?
(否定詳答)

No, we don't have any snow in winter.



二、依提示造句 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

5. My uncle was a teacher before. He is a cook now. (以連接詞合併句子)

My uncle was a teacher before, but he is a cook now.



三、整句式翻譯 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

1. George Town 是一座靠近山區的小城鎮。

George Town is a small town near the mountains.

2. 那裡的街道都很乾淨，而且建築物都很高。

The streets there are clean, and the buildings are tall.



三、整句式翻譯 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

3. 那裡冬天的時候總是多雪的。

It's always snowy there in winter.

4. 那裡夏天的時候雨水很多。

There's a lot of rain there in summer.

/ They have lots of rain there in summer.



三、整句式翻譯 (每題 5 分 , 共 25 分)

5. Mike 兩小時前在哪裡 ? 他在圖書館嗎 ?

Where was Mike two hours ago? Was he in the library?



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

Carl: Hello, Stuart! Where were you last weekend?

Stuart: Oh, I was at Youth Camp. It was great! My best friend was there, too. And we were on the same team.

Carl: Were there any tennis courts?



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

Stuart: No, there weren't, but there were three basketball courts and two soccer fields. What about you?
How was your weekend?

Carl: Wonderful! I was at my grandpa's house in Hualien. It was a beautiful place, and the weather was so nice. It was warm and sunny. I really enjoyed my weekend.



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

 youth 青年 camp 營隊 best 最好的

- (**C**) 1. Who was with Carl last weekend?
- (A) His best friend.
 - (B) His classmates.
 - (C) His grandfather.
 - (D) His coach.



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

- (**D**) 2. Where was Stuart last weekend?
- (A) In Hualien.
 - (B) At home.
 - (C) At his grandpa's house.
 - (D) At Youth Camp.



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

(A) 3. Which is true?

- (A) Stuart's weekend was great.
- (B) Carl was with his classmates last weekend.
- (C) There weren't any soccer fields at Youth Camp.
- (D) Stuart and his best friend were on different teams at the camp.



四、克漏字測驗 (每題 4 分 , 共 20 分)

- (B) 4. What does "Wonderful" mean?
(A) Dirty. (B) Great.
(C) Clean. (D) Rich.
- (D) 5. What was the weather like in Hualien last weekend?
(A) There was a lot of rain.
(B) There was a lot of snow.
(C) It was rainy and cold.
(D) It was warm and sunny.

