

得分

一、文意字彙：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. People in Taiwan celebrate Ch \_\_\_\_\_ n's Day on April 4th.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Dad works on his c \_\_\_\_\_ r at home. He doesn't go to the office. office 辦公室
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Danny b \_\_\_\_\_ ke his arm in the game. Poor Danny!
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Lillian planted her favorite f \_\_\_\_\_ r in her garden.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Ella b \_\_\_\_\_ me a famous actress at 25. She was very hard-working.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Fiona saw a snake on the sofa. She was s \_\_\_\_\_ d. snake 蛇
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The math t \_\_\_\_\_ t is difficult. Only Jimmy passed this time. pass 通過
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The kid made a wish and blew c \_\_\_\_\_ les on the cake. blow 吹
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. All my r \_\_\_\_\_ ves came back to Taiwan for New Year.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Hey kids! Don't eat too much c \_\_\_\_\_ y.

二、語法選擇：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- ( ) 1. Betty seldom \_\_\_\_\_ her story with people \_\_\_\_\_ she is shy. shy 害羞的  
 (A) shared; because (B) shared; so  
 (C) shares; because (D) shares; so
- ( ) 2. My father always jumped rope in the morning \_\_\_\_\_. He lost 20 kg that year. kg 公斤  
 (A) now (B) this morning  
 (C) next year (D) two years ago
- ( ) 3. Benson: Where \_\_\_\_\_ you yesterday?  
 Teddy: We \_\_\_\_\_ a trip to the Chimei Museum.  
 (A) was; took (B) was; take  
 (C) were; take (D) were; took
- ( ) 4. What \_\_\_\_\_ to Zoe? \_\_\_\_\_ is she so happy?  
 (A) happen; Why (B) happen; How  
 (C) happened; Why (D) happened; How
- ( ) 5. Oliver is angry with us. He walked out of the classroom \_\_\_\_\_ a word.  
 (A) after (B) along (C) without (D) through
- ( ) 6. I just \_\_\_\_\_ my homework. I can play games now!  
 (A) finish (B) finished  
 (C) finishes (D) am finishing
- ( ) 7. \_\_\_\_\_ Lydia's house is far from school, \_\_\_\_\_ she gets up early. far 遠的  
 (A) Because; so (B) So; ×  
 (C) Because; and (D) Because; ×
- ( ) 8. Judy \_\_\_\_\_ a lot last year.  
 (A) jog (B) jogs  
 (C) jogged (D) is jogging

- ( ) 9. Alex \_\_\_\_\_ in the library last Thursday.  
 (A) study (B) studies  
 (C) is studying (D) studied
- ( ) 10. The baby \_\_\_\_\_ every night, \_\_\_\_\_ I can't sleep well.  
 (A) cries; so  
 (B) cries; because  
 (C) cried; because  
 (D) cried; ×

三、克漏字選擇：每題 2 分，共 10 分

Did you ever see the movie *Coco*? *Coco* is a movie about a young boy with a dream. This boy's name is Miguel. *Coco* is his great-grandmother's name. The movie \_\_\_\_\_ 1. \_\_\_\_\_ with Miguel's music dream. But, his family members \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ "No way!" to his music dream \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ music reminds them of Miguel's dead great-great-grandfather. Miguel falls into the world of dead people on the Day of the Dead.

He meets a lot of his dead relatives there. He meets his great-great-grandma, Imelda. He also meets a dead singer, Hector. With Hector's help, Miguel meets his favorite singer, Ernesto. Miguel \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ out: first, Hector is his great-great-grandfather; second, Ernesto killed Hector for Hector's beautiful songs.

Miguel goes back to the living world and sings to his great-grandma, *Coco*. This song reminds *Coco* \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ her father, Hector. He is dead, but he lives on the memory of his relatives.

dream 夢想    kill 殺害    song 歌  
living 活著的    live 活著

- ( ) 1. (A) start (B) starts (C) started (D) starting
- ( ) 2. (A) say (B) says (C) said (D) saying
- ( ) 3. (A) × (B) so (C) and (D) because
- ( ) 4. (A) find (B) finds (C) found (D) finding
- ( ) 5. (A) of (B) at (C) by (D) with

四、依提示作答：每題 5 分，共 15 分

1. Andy goes to work by car because it is rainy today.  
 (改為 ...so...)  
 \_\_\_\_\_
2. Becky rides a bike and jogs in the park.  
 (加入 yesterday 改寫句子)  
 \_\_\_\_\_
3. Jay helped the young woman in front of the bank.  
 (依畫線部分造原問句)  
 \_\_\_\_\_

五、翻譯：每題 5 分，共 15 分

- 人們用喜悅的心情慶祝亡靈節 (the Day of the Dead)。  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 因為她成為一位母親，所以她無法上學了。  
(Because...)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 他賣掉了他的車子因為他很窮。他沒有任何選擇。  
\_\_\_\_\_

六、閱讀測驗：每題 4 分，共 20 分

A.

Here is a chart about the average age of people's first and second marriages in Country A, B, C, D and E. On average, women get married earlier than men in all countries.

	Average age			
	first marriage		remarry	
	men	women	men	women
Country A	23.7	22.6	35.5	30.7
Country B	26.6	20.3	41.4	34.2
Country C	29.0	23.8	39.2	34.5
Country D	32.5	30.2	45.5	35.1
Country E	35.4	32.6	49.2	40.3

chart 圖表    average 平均    earlier than 早於  
remarry 再婚

- Which is true about the chart?
  - In Country A, men get married at around the age of 26 and women at around the age of 20.
  - In Country B, men remarry at around the age of 35 and women at around the age of 30.
  - In Country D, men get married at around the age of 32 and women at around the age of 30.
  - In Country E, men remarry at around the age of 35 and women at around the age of 32.
- What is true about marriage in Country C?
  - Men remarry at around 35 on average.
  - Women get married at around 30 on average.
  - Women remarry at around 40 on average.
  - Men get married at around 30 on average.

B.

The life of children in Taiwan is very different from that in West Africa. Children in Taiwan go to school around eight o'clock in the morning and go home after school on weekdays. Back at home, they may watch TV, and enjoy some delicious snacks like chocolate. But, where does the sweet chocolate come from? It comes from cocoa beans in West Africa.

There are many small cocoa bean farms in West Africa, and 70% of cocoa beans in the world come from West Africa. There is much work at cocoa bean farms, and farmers are always in need of workers. In Africa, human traffickers take kids away without telling their parents. Then, they sell these children. These poor children are only nine to thirteen years old. They work 14 hours a day and seven days a week. They pick the cocoa fruit from the cocoa trees and carry very heavy cocoa fruit. Also, the farmers often hit them. They cannot fall down or cry. Life on the farm is hard.

What do you think about your favorite chocolate now?

West Africa 西非    cocoa bean 可可豆  
farm 農場    worker 工人    heavy 重的

- What is the reading mainly about?
  - The farmers don't look after the chocolate trees.
  - The children in West Africa cannot fall down or cry.
  - The chocolate is from the hard work of the children in West Africa and their terrible lives.
  - The chocolate in our hands comes from cocoa beans in West Africa.
- How is the life of children in Taiwan according to the reading?
  - Children in Taiwan can make chocolate at home.
  - Children in Taiwan go to school seven days a week.
  - Parents in Taiwan make money from their children.
  - Children in Taiwan go to school from Monday to Friday.
- What do "human traffickers" do?
  - They make money from selling kids.
  - They pick cocoa fruit with children.
  - They take the children home after work.
  - They work with the kids and their parents.

得分

一、文意字彙：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Annie keeps l\_\_\_\_\_ghing when she watches the video.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. I didn't un\_\_\_\_\_d you. Could you please say it again?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The homework is too d\_\_\_\_\_t. Can you help me?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Those f\_\_\_\_\_n caught a lot of fish today.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. David doesn't have any working ex\_\_\_\_\_ce.  
He plans to get a part-time job during the summer vacation. 📖 part-time 兼職的
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. You c\_\_\_\_\_r me on when I am in trouble.  
You are really my good friend.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Don't try to jump out of the hole. It's not p\_\_\_\_\_le.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. I can't live without my ce\_\_\_\_\_ne and wi-fi.  
I use them every day. 📖 wi-fi 無線網路
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. My father is a fa\_\_\_\_\_y worker.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. I was s\_\_\_\_\_ed to see you here. What are you up to these days?

二、語法選擇：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- ( ) 1. The baby keeps \_\_\_\_\_ every time when we put her to bed.  
(A) cry (B) cries  
(C) to cry (D) crying
- ( ) 2. Do you enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ trips to other countries?  
(A) take (B) takes  
(C) taking (D) to take
- ( ) 3. The baby was hungry. He began \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) cry (B) cried  
(C) crying (D) cries
- ( ) 4. Zoe: I \_\_\_\_\_ at five thirty this morning.  
Teddy: Why? Today is Sunday.  
(A) got up (B) get up  
(C) getting up (D) was getting up
- ( ) 5. I spent an hour \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.  
(A) jog (B) to jog  
(C) jogging (D) is jogging
- ( ) 6. I plan \_\_\_\_\_ a cake for Timmy, but I need to buy something from the market now.  
(A) make (B) makes  
(C) making (D) to make
- ( ) 7. After Mr. Wang \_\_\_\_\_ into the hotel, he went to bed at once. 📖 at once 立刻  
(A) checks (B) checked  
(C) is checking (D) was checking
- ( ) 8. Judy: What were you doing \_\_\_\_\_?  
Benson: I was reading a book then.  
(A) now (B) at that time  
(C) two days later (D) next morning

- ( ) 9. Ann: How much did you spend \_\_\_\_\_ the couch?  
Ted: About 20,000 dollars. 📖 couch 沙發  
(A) in (B) at (C) for (D) on
- ( ) 10. Miss Chou usually \_\_\_\_\_ on weekends.  
(A) go biking  
(B) goes biking  
(C) is going biking  
(D) are going biking

三、克漏字對話選擇：每題 2 分，共 10 分

(Troy is on a video call with his mom.)  
Mom: Hello, Son. Is everything OK over there?  
Troy: Sure. The work on the farm is tiring, but I am still having a good time.  
Mom: Don't you work in the slaughterhouse?  
Troy: Yes. I \_\_\_\_\_ 1. \_\_\_\_\_, but I gave up last Friday. My job is \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ fruit now. It is apple season in Australia now. The fruit farmers need a lot of people \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ the collecting job for them.  
Mom: I see. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ you collect fruit, you can get some fresh air of Australia. What a joy!  
Troy: Hey! The work on the fruit farm is not easy. Your hands and back hurt after you work for eight hours, but you only get about NT\$420 for an hour.  
Mom: Wait, that's a lot! In Taiwan, you only get about NT\$183 an hour. Maybe I should \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ it a try.  
Troy: Sorry, you are too old, Mom.

📖 tiring 累人的    slaughterhouse 屠宰場  
hurt 感到疼痛

- ( ) 1. (A) do (B) did (C) was (D) were
- ( ) 2. (A) collect (B) collects  
(C) collected (D) to collect
- ( ) 3. (A) do (B) did (C) to do (D) doing
- ( ) 4. (A) When (B) Because  
(C) Before (D) After
- ( ) 5. (A) give (B) gives  
(C) to give (D) giving

四、依提示作答：每題 4 分，共 12 分

1. chose to/ Fred/ keep/ and/ finally/ trying/ he /did/ it.  
(重組句子)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Mom went out after she prepared some beef noodles for us.  
(以 ...before... 改寫)  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. practicing/ Sammy/ playing the violin/ never gives up  
(重組句子)
- 

五、翻譯：每題 5 分，共 20 分

1. 我兩年前在餐廳當女服務生。(…work as…)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. 我想要在我太老之前看看這個美好的世界。  
(…before…)  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. 在我抵達這座島後，我開始衝浪。(…after…)  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Tom 晚餐花費兩百元。他昨天是飢餓的。(spend)  
\_\_\_\_\_

六、閱讀測驗：每題 3 分，共 18 分

A.

As a fourteen-year-old student, you want to live in another country, but you cannot go on a working holiday because you are too young, or you don't have enough money to study in another country. Don't give up. Now, there is "Study Tour"!

You can go on our three-week study tour in Australia. During the first two weeks, you go to the language school in the morning. At the language school, you study English with our teachers and practice English with your new friends.

After you finish the class at 12, you go back to your homestay and enjoy some family life or make new friends. On the last week of our tour, there is no school! We take you on a trip around Australia. It is a great part of our study tour!

Want to know more about our study tour? Call us at 02-23690999 now and we can give you a discount!

Amelia from Going Around the Earth

tour	旅遊	language school	語言學校
homestay	寄宿家庭	part	部分
discount	折扣		

- ( ) 1. What is this reading about?  
(A) Someone invites you to book their tour.  
(B) Someone tells you to practice your English.  
(C) Someone shares their experience in Australia.  
(D) Someone wants you to save money in a bank.
- ( ) 2. What is NOT right about the tour?  
(A) You can have lunch at the homestay.  
(B) You can study English with your teacher.  
(C) You can practice writing postcards at homestay.  
(D) You can make new friends during the study tour.

- ( ) 3. Mary wants to join the study tour, but she doesn't have much money. What can she do according to the reading?  
(A) Ask her parents for money.  
(B) Save money from now on.  
(C) Call Going Around the Earth.  
(D) Find a homestay and a language school.

according to
根據

B.

What do you think of when we talk about Paris? Coffee shops, of course! There are many coffee shops in Paris. You can see one on the corner, on the road, on the street, or in the lanes between streets. In other words, you can see coffee shops everywhere in Paris.

People in Paris like to drink coffee. They start a day with a cup of coffee in the morning, have another in the afternoon, and usually have still another before they get off work. At night, they finish their meal with coffee. People in Paris always say, "If I am not in the coffee shop, I am on the way to the coffee shop."

In Paris, there are a lot of people sitting under big colorful umbrellas. They don't like to sit in the coffee shop, even on a cold day. Outside the coffee shop, they enjoy the scenery from their seats. At the coffee shop, they may work on their computers, chat with their friends, have a meal, or just sit there doing nothing. It is not just a place for them to enjoy a cup of coffee. Next time you visit Paris, stop by a coffee shop and have a cup of coffee.

think of	想到	of course	當然	everywhere	每處
if	如果	umbrella	雨傘	scenery	景色
seat	位置				

- ( ) 4. What does "lane" mean in line 4?  
(A) A good shop.  
(B) A nice house.  
(C) A small street.  
(D) A beautiful river.
- ( ) 5. What does "it" mean in line 4 from the bottom?  
(A) Paris.  
(B) A road.  
(C) A street.  
(D) A coffee shop.
- ( ) 6. Which is right about people in Paris?  
(A) They do not have coffee at night.  
(B) They like drinking coffee with their meals.  
(C) They like to eat and drink inside the coffee shop.  
(D) They seldom enjoy coffee outside the coffee shops.

line	第...行
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得分

一、文意字彙：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Be c\_\_\_\_\_l when you are on your own at home.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. We visit t\_\_\_\_\_les for good luck during Chinese New Year.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. S\_\_\_\_\_y with me. Don't go anywhere.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Mr. Lee is s\_\_\_\_\_us. I never saw him laughing in front of people.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. A lot of f\_\_\_\_\_ers visit Taipei 101 when they come to Taiwan.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Jimmy's dream is to buy an ap\_\_\_\_\_t, not a house.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. A lot of ear\_\_\_\_\_kes happened in Taiwan this year.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. It is c\_\_\_\_\_t to book a hotel room on the Net.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. This pencil cost me 100 dollars. It is very e\_\_\_\_\_ve.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Sitting on this sofa is so c\_\_\_\_\_le. I want to buy one.

二、語法選擇：每題 2 分，共 20 分

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ for the math test is not easy.  
(A) Prepare (B) Prepares  
(C) Prepared (D) Preparing
- ( ) 2. It was really nice of you \_\_\_\_\_ the old man.  
(A) it (B) it is  
(C) to help (D) helping
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ is dangerous to walk on the street at night.  
(A) It (B) That  
(C) They (D) Walking
- ( ) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ hiking is good for your health.  
(A) Go (B) Goes  
(C) Went (D) Going
- ( ) 5. It \_\_\_\_\_ you two and a half days to make paper out of elephant poop.  
(A) takes (B) costs  
(C) spends (D) wants
- ( ) 6. Will Tim \_\_\_\_\_ back home this month?  
(A) come (B) comes  
(C) to come (D) coming
- ( ) 7. Ken: Are we \_\_\_\_\_ to walk to the toy shop?  
Irene: Yes, we are.  
(A) go (B) goes  
(C) went (D) going
- ( ) 8. What \_\_\_\_\_ Dad do after he has breakfast?  
(A) is (B) are  
(C) do (D) will
- ( ) 9. \_\_\_\_\_ people in that city have little money. They are poor.  
(A) Much (B) More  
(C) Most (D) Little

- ( ) 10. Louis: How much did you \_\_\_\_\_ for the violin?  
Kitty: I didn't spend any money on it. I borrowed it from Mr. Ko. 📖 borrow 借用  
(A) spend  
(B) cost  
(C) pay  
(D) paid

三、克漏字對話選擇：每題 2 分，共 10 分

Dear all,

Taiwan is famous for its fruits. So, 1. is on my trip plan to Taiwan. I bought three apples at a food stand at the Shi-Lin Night Market last night. Guess what? The three apples 2. me one thousand dollars! Can you believe it? I 3. one thousand dollars for three apples! Can anyone look into this overpriced fruit stand? The stand is on the corner, just across from the metro station.

Jason Hank

📖 stand 攤位 look into 調查 overpriced 價格太高的

Mr. Hank,

We are sorry to hear about your experience at the Shi-Lin Night Market. It was not right to buy three apples at such a 4. price. We 5. look into this case.

Consumer Protection Committee

📖 such 如此 Consumer Protection Committee 消費者保護基金會

- ( ) 1. (A) eat fruit (B) eats fruit  
(C) ate fruit (D) eating fruit
- ( ) 2. (A) cost (B) took  
(C) spent (D) needed
- ( ) 3. (A) took (B) cost  
(C) paid (D) bought
- ( ) 4. (A) low (B) high  
(C) safe (D) cheap
- ( ) 5. (A) do (B) will  
(C) is (D) are

四、依提示作答：每題 4 分，共 16 分

1. not easy for / Grandpa / is / on the cellphone / Typing messages (重組句子)  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. on the weekend / It / nice / is / go surfing and go sailing / to (重組句子)  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. It cost me nine thousand dollars to buy a 3D printer.

(以 I paid...為句首改寫)

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Jumping out of the hole is not possible for the frog.

(以 It 為句首改寫)

\_\_\_\_\_

**五、翻譯：每題 4 分，共 16 分**

1. 你坐火車去臺北要多久呢？

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. 當地震來襲時，你在我們的房子內將會非常安全。

(...when...)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. 我的舅舅明天下午會把他的吉他帶來這裡。

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. 我昨天晚上訂了一個很漂亮的沙發。

\_\_\_\_\_

**六、閱讀測驗：每題 3 分，共 18 分**

**A.**

Diane: Hey! Terry, did you just get off work?  
 Terry: Yeah. I'm so tired!  
 Diane: Why?  
 Terry: I served hundreds of cups of coffee today.  
 Diane: Wow! That's a lot!  
 Terry: It's OK. Serving coffee and tea eggs is not difficult.  
 Diane: Cool. What else do you do at work?  
 Terry: We put new goods on the shelves and sweep the floor every day.  
 Diane: You really have lots of work! Do you need to clean the restroom?  
 Terry: Of course. We do it every hour. Sometimes, it is really dirty. I never cleaned the bathroom at home. But now, I do it at work.  
 Diane: That's good.  
 Terry: Also, we check goods in the store at night.  
 Diane: Why did you choose this job?  
 Terry: Because I can see many different people every day.  
 Diane: That's true. It's a very special job!

 get off 下班    serve 提供    goods 商品  
 shelf 櫃子    floor 地板

- ( ) 1. What does Terry do?  
 (A) He is a clerk.                      (B) He is a worker.  
 (C) He is a reporter.                  (D) He is a salesman.

( ) 2. What is NOT part of Terry's work?

(A) Selling coffee.

 part 一部分

(B) Selling tea eggs.

(C) Sweeping the floor.

(D) Chatting with people.

( ) 3. According to the dialogue, what did Terry NOT do at home?

(A) Drink coffee.

 according to 根據

(B) Clean his room.

(C) Clean the bathroom.

(D) Put things on the shelves.

**B.**

Dear Mr. Parker,  
 Thank you for joining our one-day trip, "Amazing Great Ocean Road". The tour is on Wednesday, December 12. Please get to the Molly Hotel before 7:50 a.m. Our tour starts at eight o'clock. Please be on time.  
 The tour costs each person \$2,200. About the trip: we have a tour guide and two bus tickets for you and your wife. First, we will stop by the sea. You can have a good time at the beach there. At noon, we will stop at a small city. You can enjoy lunch on the street (not included in the tour fee). After lunch, we will go to the Great Otway National Park. There are many animals in the park, and you can see cute koalas and colorful parrots in the trees. Also, you can take a walk in the forest and enjoy the clean air. Then, we will visit the Twelve Apostles. The eight great rocks stand in the sea. We will finish our tour back at the Molly Hotel around eight thirty in the evening. Have a good time during this one-day trip.

Yours,  
 Steven Hill

 person 人    included 包含的    tour fee 團費  
 the Great Otway National Park 奧特威國家公園  
 apostle 使徒    rock 石頭

( ) 4. How much does the tour cost Mr. and Mrs. Parker?  
 (A) \$550.                                      (B) \$1,100.  
 (C) \$2,200.                                   (D) \$4,400.

( ) 5. What does this letter tell us?  
 (A) Mr. Parker booked two bus tickets.  
 (B) Mr. Parker booked a room in the hotel.  
 (C) Mr. Parker booked a trip on December 12.  
 (D) Mr. Parker booked a table at the restaurant.

( ) 6. What CAN'T Mr. Parker experience during the trip?  
 (A) Free lunch.                               experience 體驗  
 (B) Cute animals.  
 (C) Beautiful beach.  
 (D) A walk in the forest.