

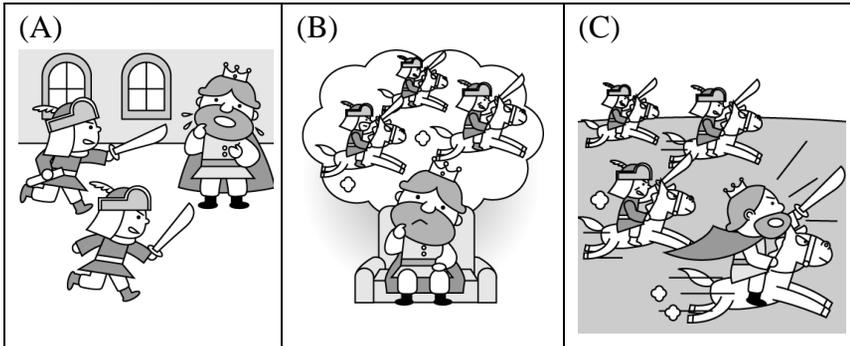
【試題共 4 頁】

*測驗說明：請以 2B 鉛筆將正確或最佳的答案代碼劃記在答案卡上。

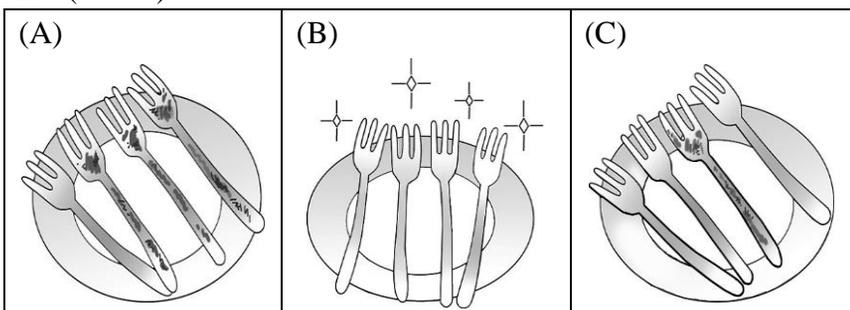
第一部分、聽力測驗共 25%：每題將會念兩遍。

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。
(每題 1 分，共 3%)

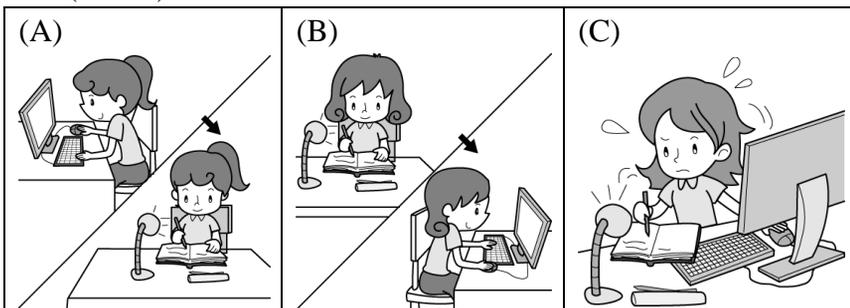
1. ()



2. ()



3. ()



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應。
(每題 2 分，共 10%)

- () 4. (A) Sally did. She didn't make any mistakes on it.
(B) Ian did. He gave me lots of tips for preparing for the test.
(C) Lily did. She could not answer most of the questions.
- () 5. (A) Yes, Ray is a member of the science club.
(B) Both of us are members of the band.
(C) Ray and I will meet at the club.
- () 6. (A) Yes, he needs sleep.
(B) That's nice of him.
(C) What does he do there?
- () 7. (A) Can you bring me a fork?
(B) Yes, I do.
(C) We need a little more time to think about it.
- () 8. (A) You can make some word cards and read the words out loud.
(B) There are about thirty new words in Lesson Ten.
(C) Just do it. Actions speak louder than words.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。

(每題 2 分，共 12%)

- () 9. (A) They're dirty.
(B) They're cheap.
(C) They're common.
- () 10. (A) Today is Father's Day.
(B) After their father comes home, they will help him do housework.
(C) They are going to hold a surprise party for their father.
- () 11. (A) Give the girl one of his hands.
(B) Help the girl move the desk.
(C) Move the desk himself.
- () 12. (A) They will bring bad luck.
(B) They happen because of worries.
(C) They are real.
- () 13. (A) It is unhealthy to look at the smartphone during a meal.
(B) Jessica is the host of the show.
(C) You should eat fast to keep healthy.
- () 14. (A) At 9 p.m.
(B) Before Benson left the shop.
(C) When the shop closed.

~聽力測驗結束，請繼續作答~

第二部分綜合測驗共 75%：

四、單字與文法 (15~23 每題 1 分, 24-33 每題 2 分, 共 29%)

- () 15. You really should go to see a doctor if you have such a serious stomachache. It's just _____ sense!
(A) lovely (B) main
(C) national (D) common
- () 16. Claire is the _____ bee in her school. Many people want to make friends with her.
(A) princess (B) queen (C) stage (D) heart
- () 17. My friend _____ to come to my birthday party last night because he was very busy.
(A) led (B) checked (C) passed (D) failed
- () 18. You have too many worries in mind. Why don't you try to _____?
(A) look them up (B) set fire to them
(C) let them out (D) turn them off
- () 19. Leo is a good student. He studies hard, listens to the teachers, and has many friends. As the class leader, he sets a good _____ for the whole class.
(A) part (B) point (C) member (D) example
- () 20. **Ian**: Can I borrow your _____?
Dan: Sure thing, but why?
Ian: There will be a test tomorrow, but I didn't listen to the teacher carefully today. It's all Greek to me.
(A) notes (B) sentences (C) mistakes (D) groups

【背面尚有試題，請繼續作答】

- () 21. A: There was a(an) _____ smell coming out of my brother's desk. Later he found half of a sandwich inside it.
B: Eww! That's terrible!
(A) lovely (B) evil (C) mean (D) safe
- () 22. **Kyle:** Oh, no! We cannot enter my house.
Andy: What happened?
Kyle: I can't find my key.
Andy: Is it possible that you _____ it in the classroom?
(A) left (B) led (C) failed (D) found
- () 23. Eric is a newspaper boy. Every morning, he must deliver (投遞) the newspapers to the houses of people on his route. Many of his customers think he does a good job and sometimes _____ him.
(A) bow (B) shoot (C) tip (D) place
- () 24. All of _____ is great in this shop. Many customers come here for it.
(A) sandwiches (B) the pork
(C) the French fries (D) them
- () 25. _____ it again, you'll understand this lesson better.
(A) Go over (B) Going over
(C) By going over (D) To go over
- () 26. Edward bought an interesting comic book. He laughed out loud when he _____ it.
(A) read (B) reads (C) will read (D) is reading
- () 27. Wendy spends _____ of her time practicing basketball at the gym.
(A) each (B) several (C) many (D) most
- () 28. If Sherry _____ to the party tonight, give this flute back to her.
(A) will come (B) came (C) comes (D) to come
- () 29. _____ Jenny hurt her leg, she still went to work.
(A) If (B) Although
(C) Because (D) No wonder
- () 30. _____ of the butter comes from France, and _____ of it is from Japan.
(A) Much; few (B) Few; much
(C) Many; few (D) Much; little
- () 31. We won't go to Tamsui if _____ tomorrow.
(A) it will stop raining (B) we had no rain
(C) there will be rain (D) it keeps raining
- () 32. Not all of the children are good at dancing, so only _____ of them join the talent contest.
(A) one (B) much (C) a little (D) a few
- () 33. _____ her bedroom, her friend asked her to have dinner at a fancy restaurant.
(A) After cleaning (B) Cleaning
(C) After she cleaned (D) Before cleaning

五、克漏字選擇 (每題 2 分, 共 8%)

Tips for Taking Tests

- Before you start, go over the whole test quickly and plan your time.
- Read the questions carefully 34. you answer them.

35. you don't know the answer to a question, come back to it later. Answer the easy questions first.
- Write clearly. The teachers will probably 36. your answers wrong if they can't tell them.
37. your answers before you hand in your test.
* probably 很可能 / hand in 繳交 *

- () 34. (A) if (B) before (C) after (D) although
() 35. (A) Before (B) Although (C) After (D) If
() 36. (A) correct (B) vote (C) mark (D) order
() 37. (A) Forget (B) Pass (C) Check (D) Place

六、文意選填 (每題 2 分, 共 8%)

Wang Jhao-cian grew up in Chiayi, and he enjoyed living there. However, he couldn't see many stage dramas there though he was quite interested in them. After finishing his studies in senior high school in Chiayi, he left for Taipei and studied theater from many world-famous actors and actresses. But a question often appeared in his mind, "Why not 38?" He thought he should bring back what he learned to Chiayi and do something for the people there.

In 2003, he went back to his hometown with his friends and worked in the theater together. At first, not many people felt interested in their plays, so 39. They weren't sure whether they should keep going on or not. Then more and more people showed their love for their plays on the Internet, so they still decided to stay in Chiayi.

Almost thirteen years later, their plays are popular with not only young people but also everyone in Chiayi now. They sometimes try something new to make more people interested in their plays. For example, they adapted a lot of world-famous plays, but they still 40. They help people enjoy these deep plays in an easier way, and that makes more people love watching their plays.

When more people enjoy watching their programs, 41, so they go different schools around Chiayi to teach them. Even though not everyone in Taiwan know Wang Jhao-cian and his friends, everything they do makes Taiwan and the world better.

* whether 是否 / adapt 改編 *

- () 38. (A) stop learning theater and go to a foreign country
(B) stay in Taipei and start my own family in a big city
(C) leave Taipei again to make my dream come true
(D) go back to Chiayi and keep working in the theater
- () 39. (A) they became famous in a very short time
(B) they sometimes even wanted to give up
(C) they had a lot of interesting ideas for programs
(D) life was much better than they thought
- () 40. (A) can't find great actors to work with
(B) think about moving back to Taipei in the near future
(C) use a simple language to make everyone understand these plays
(D) sell their tickets at higher prices to make programs better

【請繼續作答】

- () 41. (A) more students hope to learn about theater
 (B) they are busy day and night and don't have much time
 (C) fewer people want to learn about theater
 (D) they are not sure of their future

七、配合題：請根據內容，填入適當的回應代號。(每題 2 分，共 8%)

- (A) May I take your order, please?
 (B) I'd like the steak, please.
 (C) May I have a menu, please?
 (D) Medium, please.
 (AB) How would you like to pay?
 (AC) No problem, ma'am.

(Joey and Phoebe are having dinner at a restaurant.)

Waiter: Good evening. Here's the menu.

Joey: Thank you.

(A few minutes later)

Waiter: 42.

Phoebe: Yes. I'd like the spaghetti with some French fries.

Waiter: OK. How about you, sir?

Joey: 43.

Waiter: How would you like your steak?

Joey: 44.

Waiter: Anything else?

Joey: May we have some more juice, please?

Waiter: Sure.

Phoebe: I'd also like some warm water, please.

Waiter: 45.

八、閱讀測驗 (每題 2 分，共 22%)

A.

Did you ever take a trip to New York? I did. In fact, I've lived in the place for one year. It is a busy city with many tall buildings and all kinds of people from different countries. There are many famous places to visit, like Broadway, Central Park and Times Square. I usually went shopping on New York's Fifth Avenue when I am around. You can buy the most fashionable things in the world on it. Besides, it's wonderful to look at the Statue of Liberty in New York Harbor.

There is a movie about New York. Its name is *The Day After Tomorrow*. I like it very much, but I don't like the ending! If things are like what the end of the movie played, it will truly be a bad dream.

- () 46. How many years has the writer lived in New York?
 (A) Two. (B) Four. (C) Ten. (D) One.
- () 47. If you want to buy something fashionable in New York, you can go to _____.
 (A) Times Square (B) Fifth Avenue
 (C) Broadway (D) Central Park

B.

Twilight

If you haven't heard of the *Twilight* book series about vampires, you must have been living under a rock. *Twilight*, a book series, by Stephenie Meyer, has become a huge, worldwide hit. People in countries all over the world seem to love reading about Bella, the normal girl, and Edward, the cool vampire. These books have also inspired a series of movies, which have all been hits as big as the books.

Many of *Twilight's* biggest fans are women. For this reason, many people believe that the character of Edward Cullen is what makes the books so popular. Women say he is the perfect man: he is handsome, charming, rich and royal. Even the fact that he is a vampire doesn't stop them from liking him. Because he fights against the negative parts of his nature, he is considered strong. Of course **they** love reading about him.

Another opinion is that it is the relationship between Edward and Bella that makes the book so popular. They say that the *Twilight* series is part of history of books about extraordinary men who fall in love with ordinary women. They say it isn't the character of Edward that everyone loves. Instead, they love the idea that a normal person can win someone very special.

For whatever reason, the *Twilight* books appeal to many people, of all ages, around the world. Many readers nowadays still see *Twilight* as a legend of the book world.

* living under a rock 井底之蛙 / series 系列 / normal 普通的 / inspire 啟發 / negative 負面的 / opinion 看法 / loyal 忠誠的 / relationship 關係 / appeal to 吸引 *

- () 48. What is closest to the main idea of the passage?
 (A) Women love *Twilight* because it is about vampires.
 (B) People read *Twilight* because of Edward Cullen.
 (C) The *Twilight* books appeal to many people for different reasons.
 (D) The series of movies are as popular as the books.
- () 49. According to the passage, Edward is NOT _____.
 (A) human (B) handsome (C) rich (D) charming
- () 50. According to the passage, which story would be most likely popular with *Twilight* fans?
 (A) The story of a vampire who wants to be human.
 (B) The story of a king who falls in love with a farm girl.
 (C) The story of the farm boy who rose to be a king.
 (D) The story of a war between vampires and werewolves (狼人).
- () 51. What does **they** in the second paragraph mean?
 (A) werewolves
 (B) vampires
 (C) characters
 (D) women

【背面尚有試題，請繼續作答】

C.**Body Language Across Cultures**

“Do you know where my father is?” Jady asked her friend Karen. “There,” Karen said, and pointed at Jady’s father with her finger.

Jady turned to Karen and frowned. Then she walked away. She didn’t speak to Karen much for the rest of the party. Karen couldn’t understand what went wrong. That’s because Karen forgot about body language.

We all know how difficult it can be to speak to people from other cultures. But there’s also a language of movement called body language. For Karen from Canada, it was no problem to point at someone who is older than she is. But for Jady, who came from China, it was very rude.

Different cultures have many different rules about body language. Kissing is one important example. In France and many parts of Europe, you should kiss new friends on one or both cheeks. But in India and some places in the Middle East, a man kissing a woman in public would be shocking.

Think about how you treat little children. In many parts of the world, people often pat children on the head. But that would be unacceptable in most of Southeast Asia. You must also never show the soles of your feet in that part of the world, so you couldn’t sit back at your desk with your feet up, as is ok in the United States.

When you listen to a story, do you look the storyteller in the eye? In the United States, you should from time to time. In the Middle East, it is normal to make eye contact for a long period of time. But in Japan and Korea that would be rude.

Communication doesn’t stop at our mouths. We use our whole bodies to communicate. Remember that there are as many rules for body language as for spoken language.

* frown 皺眉 / movement 動作 / rude 沒禮貌的 / cheek 臉頰 / shocking 震驚的 / pat 輕拍 / unacceptable 無法接受的 / from time to time 偶爾 / eye contact 目光接觸 / period 期間 / communication 溝通 *

- () 52. What is closest to the main idea of the passage?
- (A) There are strange body language rules in Asia.
- (B) Body language could be difficult to understand as spoken language.
- (C) We don’t have to care about body language in the Middle East.
- (D) Be careful not to point or use hand gestures when traveling.

- () 53. The passage is mainly about _____.

- (A) different languages
(B) storytelling
(C) communication
(D) clothing

- () 54. According to the article, which action would be rude in Japan?
- (A) Shaking hands with someone.
(B) Pointing at someone who is older than you.
(C) Looking into someone’s eyes
(D) Patting a young child on the head.
- () 55. If you are listening to a story in the Middle East, it would probably be rude to _____.
- (A) look the storyteller in the eye
(B) look at the storyteller’s clothes
(C) stand next to the storyteller
(D) look away from the storyteller
- () 56. What does **sole** in the fifth paragraph mean?
- (A) Side. (B) Top. (C) Bottom. (D) Toe nail.

【試題結束】

~Good luck! Have a happy summer vacation! ~

選擇題：

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C	C	B	C	B	B	C	A	B	C
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
B	B	A	C	D	B	D	C	D	A
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
B	A	C	B	C	A	D	C	B	D
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
D	D	C	B	D	C	C	D	B	C
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
A	A	B	D	AC	D	B	C	A	B
51	52	53	54	55	56				
D	B	C	C	D	C				