

第一部分：聽力測驗 20% (共 15 題，1-10 每題 1 分；11-15 每題 2 分)

一、請選出聽到的單字。

1. (A) spoons (B) knives (C) chopsticks
2. (A) feet (B) inches (C) miles
3. (A) light (B) news (C) noise
4. (A) sick (B) useful (C) helpful
5. (A) smart (B) simple (C) honest

二、根據聽到的內容，選出適合的回應。

6. (A) No worries. I'm good.  
(B) Don't be afraid. You are safe here.  
(C) It's okay. You should believe in yourself.
7. (A) Much better, thanks.  
(B) I will take some cold medicine.  
(C) I stayed at home and slept a lot.
8. (A) No. It's so dark here.  
(B) Yes. Where is it coming from?  
(C) Wow. You have a good sense of smell.
9. (A) Jack did.  
(B) Jack can jump really far.  
(C) Jack jumped the highest.
10. (A) I agree. It looks like fun.  
(B) Let's go inside the house then.  
(C) Sure. It's better to be safe than sorry.

三、請根據聽到的對話與問題，選出最適合的答案。

11. (A) She'll see a movie.  
(B) She'll study for a test.  
(C) She'll take a rest.
12. (A) The skirt will be on sale next week.  
(B) The skirt is too expensive for her to buy.  
(C) The skirt is too long for her.
13. (A) She feels lonely at school.  
(B) She's not interested in drawing pictures.  
(C) She just started going to a new school.
14. (A) Shopping for clothes for one another.  
(B) Sharing ideas for the party.  
(C) Asking for each other's ideas.
15. (A) Use designated garbage bags.  
(B) Throw away the general garbage at the convenience store.  
(C) Don't sort out garbage and put it in the garbage truck.

第二部分：綜合測驗 80%

一、語法選擇 44% (共 22 題，每題 2 分)

16. What are under the ground?



- (A) flowers (B) leaves  
(C) roots (D) fruit

17. Joe is an \_\_\_\_\_ boy and everybody likes him.  
(A) honest (B) wise

- (C) healthy (D) happy

18. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ to go to the party with me. In fact, he will drive me there.

- (A) forgot (B) raised  
(C) agreed (D) passed

19. My doctor told me to \_\_\_\_\_ medicine three times a day.

- (A) eat (B) drink  
(C) have (D) take

20. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ the same mistake over and over again!

- (A) do (B) make  
(C) create (D) produce

21. Taking the bus is \_\_\_\_\_ than riding the bike.

- (A) more convenient (B) conveniently  
(C) convenient (D) most convenient

22. The skirt looks \_\_\_\_\_ on her.

- (A) good (B) well  
(C) nicely (D) really

23. My daughter \_\_\_\_\_ happy because her boyfriend bought her a beautiful ring.

- (A) looked like (B) felt like  
(C) turned (D) smelled

24. Zac is taller than Zoe. Zoe is taller than John. It means that Zac is the tallest \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) than the three (B) of the two  
(C) than every one (D) of the three

25. Mom always tells me that staying away \_\_\_\_\_ the dangerous things is the best.

- (A) to (B) with  
(C) by (D) from

26. Tom: Oh, baby! Please don't break up with me! I can't live \_\_\_\_\_ you!

Mary: I'm sorry but you will find a better girlfriend.

- (A) with (B) by  
(C) without (D) for

27. Mr. Lin \_\_\_\_\_ me close the windows. It's too cold in the classroom.

- (A) wanted (B) asked  
(C) had (D) told

28. I didn't know the answer, so I chose \_\_\_\_\_ the question.

- (A) not to answer (B) answering  
(C) to answer (D) didn't answer

29. If the weather \_\_\_\_\_ good this weekend, we will go swimming.

- (A) was (B) will be  
(C) are (D) is

30. My mom \_\_\_\_\_ us a call if she \_\_\_\_\_ late.

- (A) gives; works (B) will give; will work  
(C) gives; will work (D) will give; works

31. Dora found \_\_\_\_\_ was a dog sleeping under the sofa.

- (A) that (B) there  
(C) he (D) X

32. There is nothing special in this shop, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
 (A) is there (B) isn't there  
 (C) is it (D) isn't it
33. Tina has two sons and \_\_\_\_\_ of them are very tall.  
 (A) two (B) both  
 (C) one (D) all
34. They seldom showed up for class on time, \_\_\_\_\_ they?  
 (A) didn't (B) do  
 (C) did (D) don't
35. Although Ben is not rich, \_\_\_\_\_ he is very generous.  
 慷慨的  
 (A) but (B) X  
 (C) so (D) and
36. It is so cold, and now I feel like \_\_\_\_\_ some hot chocolate milk.  
 (A) drinking (B) drank  
 (C) to drink (D) drink
37. Most of the food in the box \_\_\_\_\_ smelly! What happened?  
 (A) are (B) is  
 (C) become (D) turn

二、克漏字選擇 10% (共 5 題, 每題 2 分)

Cathy: Who's this man in the picture? And why is he in women's clothes?  
 Ryan: That's not a man. She's the famous model, Kaur.  
 Cathy: Why does she have a big beard like that?  
 Ryan: She has a medical condition, and that causes hair to grow on her face. She tried to remove it, but it just kept growing back. 38, she hated her beard before. People always made fun of her. But now, she is learning to love the hair on her face.  
 Cathy: I see. Models like her are not that common, are they?  
 Ryan: She might not be one of those "common" models, but I like her. Although many people laughed at her and told her that she's not pretty enough or thin enough to be a model, 39. She still became a model.  
 Cathy: Wow! I think she has a really strong will.  
 Ryan: You're right. Now she wants to let the world know that women come in different shapes and sizes, and they are all beautiful. 40

model 模特兒 beard 鬍子 medical condition 疾病  
 remove 移除 will 意志

38. (A) Luckily (B) Sadly (C) Actually (D) Probably
39. (A) it didn't hold her back  
 (B) she always kept that in mind  
 (C) it made her hide her true self  
 (D) she tried hard to break gender stereotypes
40. (A) Don't make excuses.  
 (B) Take good care of yourself.  
 (C) Never let others define you.  
 (D) Being a model is never easy.

(Nicole is reporting the weather on TV.)

Nicole: How's the typhoon in Taiwan now? Let's hear from Eddy in Hualien. Hello, Eddy.

Eddy: Hi, everyone. I am at the beach. Now the wind is really strong. I can still see several people 41 here and watch the waves. It's quite dangerous.

Nicole: I can hear the strong wind blowing hard.

Eddy: That's right. It also blew down a house. Wait! I can see some pots flying in the sky.

Nicole: Oh, how terrible!

Eddy: Stay home and don't go out. If you are outside, please try to find a place to save 42.

41. (A) stand (B) stood  
 (C) are standing (D) to stand
42. (A) yours (B) you  
 (C) your (D) yourself

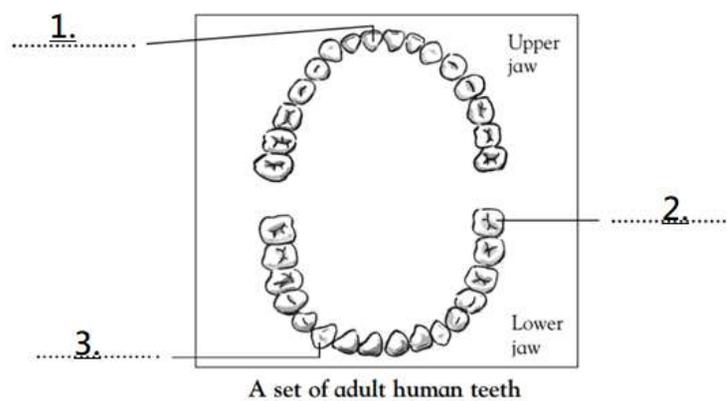
三、閱讀測驗 26% (共 13 題, 每題 2 分)

Something to Chew on

Humans have four different types of teeth. Young children have about 20 teeth called *milk teeth*. They have eight teeth called *incisors* at the front of the mouth (four above and four below). These can cut food. The next four sharp, pointed teeth are *canines*, they can tear food. Next to these are the *premolars*, used for grinding and chewing. Between the ages of 5 and 10, these milk teeth are replaced by adult teeth, that include another 12 teeth called *molars*. These are also used for chewing.

tear 撕裂 grind 磨 chew 咀嚼 be replaced 被取代  
 include 包含

43. According to the article, how many teeth does an adult should have in total?  
 (A) 10 (B) 12 (C) 20 (D) 32
44. Animals that eat meat have canines and incisors to cut and tear meat. Animals that eat plants have large, flat teeth called molars for grinding and chewing. Humans eat both meat and plants. What kind of teeth do humans have? Label each type of tooth in the picture below.



- (A) ① premolar ② canine ③ molar  
 (B) ① incisor ② premolar ③ molar  
 (C) ① molar ② canine ③ incisor  
 (D) ① incisor ② molar ③ canine

SEPTEMBER

Tuesday

First of all, let me get something straight: This is a JOURNAL, not a diary. I know what it says on the cover, but when Mom went out to buy this thing I SPECIFICALLY told her to get one that didn't say "diary" on it.

Great. All I need is for some jerk to catch me carrying this book around and get the wrong idea.



The other thing I want to clear up right away is that this was MOM'S idea, not mine.

But if she thinks I'm going to write down my "feelings" in here or whatever, she's crazy. So just don't expect me to be all "Dear Diary" this and "Dear Diary" that.

Let me just say for the record that I think middle school is the dumbest idea ever invented. You got kids like me who haven't hit their growth spurt yet mixed in with these gorillas who need to shave twice a day.



And then they wonder why bullying is such a big problem in middle school.

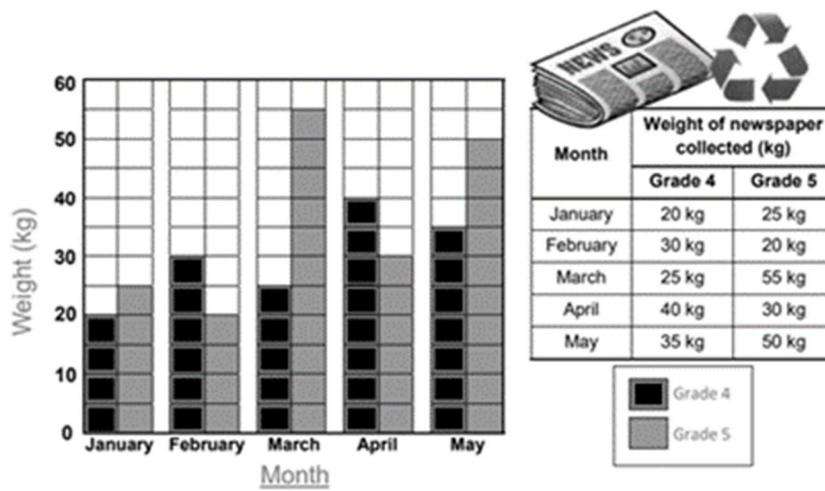
If it was up to me, grade levels would be based on height, not age. But then again, I guess that would mean kids like Chirag Gupta would still be in the first grade.



specifically 特地 dumbest 最愚蠢的 growth spurt 成長 gorillas 大猩猩 bullying 霸凌 height 身高

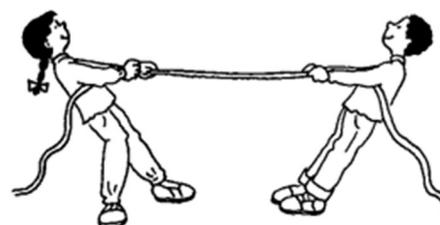
46. The writer may be unhappy with his middle school life. Why?
- (A) Because he is not specifically strong and other people may hurt him.
  - (B) Because he has to write the diary every day.
  - (C) Because he has no friends at school.
  - (D) Because there are scaring animals like gorillas in his school.

Students collected and recorded the weight of old newspapers for 5 months. Read the following graph and answer the questions.



47. What may be the best title for the graph?
- (A) Newspaper Collection by Grade 4 and 5 Students.
  - (B) Students can Collect Newspapers.
  - (C) Love the Earth!
  - (D) Stop Reading Newspapers and Save the Trees!
48. In which month did Grade 5 students collect the least newspapers?
- (A) January
  - (B) February
  - (C) April
  - (D) May
49. How many months did Grade 5 students collect more newspapers than Grade 4 students?
- (A) 1 month
  - (B) 2 months
  - (C) 3 months
  - (D) 5 months
50. What is the difference between the total collection of Grade 4 and Grade 5?
- (A) 30 kg
  - (B) 150 kg
  - (C) 180 kg
  - (D) 330 kg

Being Forceful

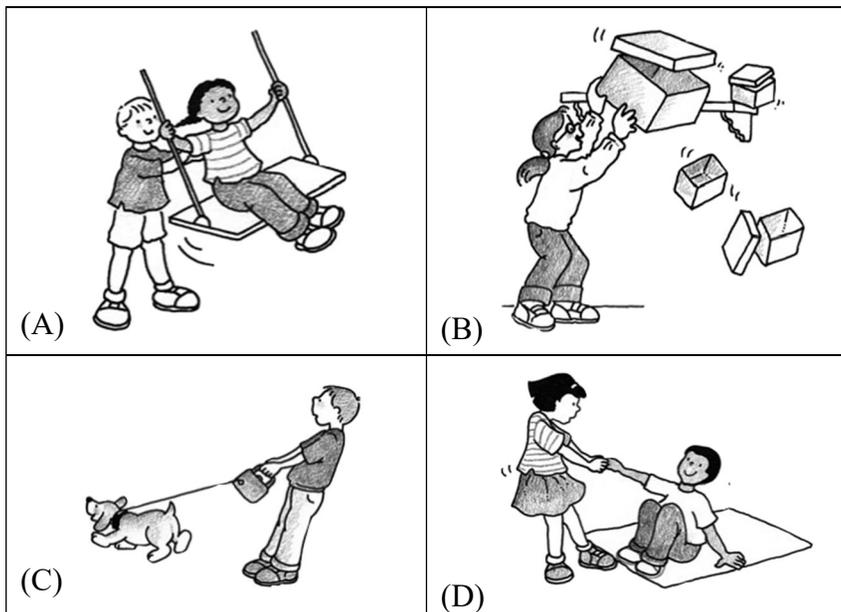


Pushes and pulls are forces. When you push or pull something,

45. According to the reading, which is likely to be true?
- (A) The writer likes his mom's idea to write a diary.
  - (B) The writer is probably in the 8<sup>th</sup> grade.
  - (C) Chirag Gupta is the strongest kid in the 1<sup>st</sup> grade.
  - (D) In the writer's school, small and weak students are in the same grade.

you can make it start or stop moving. For example, tug-of-war is a pulling game and kickball is a pushing game. Look at the following pictures and answer the questions.

 tug-of-war 拔河



51. In which picture that the person uses the force “push” to “start”?
52. In which picture that the person uses the force “pull” to “stop”?

In every country in the world, people treat women differently from men. Women get less pay than men for the same work. They’re also less likely to reach top positions at work. Women even have to take time off work to have a child, but men don’t. And it’s not just at work. In some countries, women still don’t have the right to vote. And all too often, men even hurt women.

We call this gender discrimination, and it affects the lives of women and girls everywhere. This is all bad for their **well-being**. However, although people live in countries that gender discrimination is worsen, they are denying that it’s a problem! They don’t even feel it at all! How does this make sense? To find out why people – especially women- deny that gender discrimination happens, we carried out three different studies with over 20,000 people. The results are:

- When women deny gender discrimination, they are happier with their lives.
- When women felt that they faced gender discrimination, they were not happy with their lives.
- Men deny discrimination more than women.
- People were more likely to deny gender discrimination in countries with higher level of sexism! (See Fig. 1) For example, people living in Russia were more likely to deny it than people living in France.

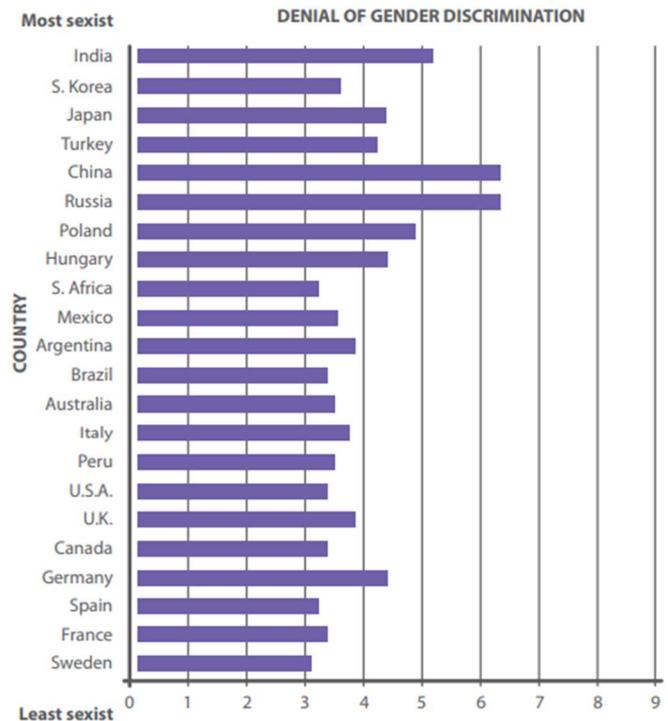


Fig. 1

Gender discrimination is a terrible problem across the world. But we found that when women deny discrimination, they are actually happier. Probably this is a way to make them feel comfortable. *But it actually makes gender discrimination even worse.* These days, gender discrimination can be a little bit harder to spot. For example, women are far more likely to be stopped while speaking than men are. They also face more sexual harassment at work. People may not even know they’re behaving in a sexist way – but that doesn’t excuse them.

It is not easy for women – especially in countries with higher gender inequality – to face gender discrimination. It is much more difficult to change it! But we shouldn’t deny it, we should fight it. And this isn’t just a problem for women – everyone should take action!

 position 職位 vote 投票 discrimination 歧視 affect 影響 deny 拒絕 sexism 性別歧視 inequality 不平等 harassment 騷擾

53. According to Fig. 1, which is likely to be true?
  - (A) It is very common that people of different gender in India get the same pay for the same work.
  - (B) People living in countries with lower level of sexism do not have gender discrimination.
  - (C) Sexism is not common in Asian countries, such as India, S. Korea and China.
  - (D) People in Sweden feel comfortable because gender equality matters.
54. What may **NOT** be the same meaning of **well-being** in this reading?
  - (A) sadness
  - (B) happiness
  - (C) safety
  - (D) health
55. What may be the best title for this reading?
  - (A) Why do some women deny gender discrimination?
  - (B) Things will get better if we deny gender discrimination.
  - (C) How to stop gender discrimination?
  - (D) Ways to define gender discrimination.

試題結束